IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA, TULSA DIVISION

NO. 72-C-30

FRANKLIN G. PIERCE,

VS.

Plaintiff

ROBERT H. GARWOOD and ARTH GOETTEL, Defendants KLZEN-AIR, INC., an Oklaho Corporation,	
Intervenor	: : :
Comes now the plaint: the defendant, ROBERT H. G. This theday of P. O. ADDRESS: P. O. Box 668 Delton, Georgia 30720 (404) 278-2040	•
P. O. ADDRESS:	DYERS, POWERS & MARSH
Suite 1501 Fourth Matl. Bank Bldg. Tulsa, Oklahoma 74119 (918) 387-0141	Frank E. Turner ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF

MARK CONTROLS CORPORATION,)
Plaintiff,)
-vs-) Case No. 73-C-91
ARDUN SUPPLY COMPANY, a corporation,)
Defendant.	FILED
	APR 3 0 1973

DEFAULT JUDGMENT

Jack C. Silver, Clerk
U. S. DISTRICT COURT

On Motion For Default Judgment filed herein by the above Plaintiff and it appearing to the Court that the above Defendant has been duly served with process herein and is in default in that no pleading or appearance has been made herein by said Defendant or anyone in its behalf within the time prescribed by law and it further appearing that an evidentiary hearing is not required on said Motion before entry of a Default Judgment herein,

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that Default Judgment is entered herein in favor of the Plaintiff Mark Controls Corporation and against the Defendant Ardun Supply Company, a corporation in the amount of \$62,175.83 plus accrued interest to date in the amount of \$4,780.14 plus a reasonable attorney's fee in the amount of \$2,500.00.

Dated this 30 day of April, 1973.

Yed Daugherty //

United States District Judge

CONAM INSPECTION,	INC.,
SUBSIDIARY OF AUTO	OMATION
INDUSTRIES, INC.,	

Plaintiff,

vs.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF OPERATING ENGINEERS, LOCAL NO. 2 (AFL-CIO), and HERMAN B. JONES, JAMES ACOSTA, HAROLD LAY, JIM LAY, JACK ALEXANDER, DAVID EVANS, DON VAUGHN, DUKE DUCOTY and JOHN DOE,

Defendants.

NO. 72-C-437

FILED

APR 3 U 1973

Jack C. Silver, Clerk
U. S. DISTRICT COURT

ORDER

Before me, and for good cause shown, it is hereby ORDERED AND DECREED that the above-entitled cause be dismissed without prejudice, at the Plaintiff's costs.

DATED at Tulsa, Oklahoma, this <u>30</u> day of April, 1973.

FRED DAUGHERTY

Judge of the United States
District Court

IN THE UNITED STATES . NORTHERN DIST	DISTRICT COURT RICT OF OKLAHO			Secured Secured	Ü
ALLSTATE INSURANCE COMPANY,	Plaintiff,))	Jac	APR 27 ck C. Silvi . DISTRIC	er, Cle	erk
JUDY KAY RAWLINGS and JAMES B. RAWLINGS,	Defendants.)	No. 72-	-C-323		

ORDER OF DISMISSAL

This April 27. 1973 on written application of the parties for a dismissal with prejudice of the complaint and cause of action filed herein, the court having examined said application finds that the parties have entered into a compromise settlement of tort action in State Court which gave rise to this declaratory judgment proceedings making these proceedings moot and the parties have requested this court to dismiss complaint in this action with prejudice to any future action and being fully advised in the premises the court finds that the complaint herein should be dismissed.

THEREFORE, IT IS THE ORDER, JUDGMENT, AND DECREE of this court that the complaint and cause of action stated in complaint filed in this court is hereby dismissed with prejudice to any future action.

ALLEN E. BARROW, Judge United State: District Court Northern District of Oklahoma

ALLEN WALTMAN,	Plaintiff,	FILED APRIORIO
-vs- UPJOHN COMPANY, A) No. 72-C 98 Jack C. Silver, Clark) No. 72-C 98 U. S. DISTRICT COURT
Corporation,	Defendant.)))

This matter coming on to be heard this Laday of April, 1973, before me, the undersigned Judge, upon the Stipulation for Dismissal, and this Court finds that the above styled and numbered cause should be dismissed without prejudice to the filing of a new action.

ALLEN E. BARROW, PRESIDING JUDGE

(K) /3./5)

FILED

IN THE COUNTY OF THE CONTROL OF A COUNTY OF THE COUNTY OF

APR 26 1973

Jack C. Silver, Clerk U. S. DISTRICT COURT

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United States District Court

APR 1 9 1973

FOR THE

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

Jack C. Silver, Clerk
U. S. DISTRICT COURT

CHLOE STEPHENS, Plaintiff,

CIVIL ACTION FILE No. 72-C-387

12.9.

JUDGMENT

THE TRAVELERS INSURANCE COMPANY, Defendant.

This action came on for trial before the Court and a jury, Honorable Fred Daugherty

. United States District Judge, presiding, and the issues having been duly tried and

the jury having duly rendered its verdict. Special Interrogatory and Verdict, for the
Plaintiff.

It is Ordered and Adjudged that the Plaintiff, Chloe Stephens, recover from
the Defendant, The Travelers Insurance Company, the sum of Twenty Seven Thousand
Five Hundred Dollars (\$27,500.00), plus 6% interest per annum from June 29, 1972,

and 10% interest per annum beginning from the date of judgment, and plaintiff's

costs of action.

Dated at Tulsa, Oklahoma

, this

19th

day

of April

, ¹⁹ 73·

Clerk of Court

JERALD M. SCHUMAN,)						
Plaintiff,)						
v.)	Civi1					
B. CYRIL ROGERS, et al.,)	No. 72-	C-409	 ı	1.	E	ח
Defendants.)					1973	
	_)		;			er, Cle	

ORDER DISMISSING ACTION AS TO DEFENDANT GEORGE T. KAMATARIS, WITHOUT PREJUDICE

Upon the annexed motion of Plaintiff, joined therein by Intervenor, for an order dismissing the within action as to the defendant GEORGE T. KAMATARIS, and it appearing that no cross-action or counterclaim has been filed by the said defendant, and it being represented to the Court that from the evidence adduced to date by the Plaintiff that the defendant neither participated in or approved the action of the alleged conspiracy to defraud Liberty Investors Life Insurance Company; and it further appearing to the Court that although this action has been designated as a class action but that no proceedings on said designation have yet been had, and no notice having been given to the members of the purported class of any of the proceedings herein, it is

ORDERED, that this cause be and it is dismissed as to the defendant GEORGE T. KAMATARIS, without prejudice to the refiling of same; and it is further

ORDERED, that notice to the purported members of the class designated in the pleadings herein be and it is hereby dispensed with; and it is further

ORDERED, that no part of the costs to be taxed herein shall be taxed to the defendant George T. Kamataris.

Tulsa, April <u>//</u>, **1**973.

15/ allen & Barrow U.S.D.J.

Approved for entry:

George T. Kamataris

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KLEEN-AIR, INC.,)
an Oklahoma corporation,)
Plaintiff,)) 72-C-358
VS.)
GOLDEN STAR POLISH MANUFACTURING COMPANY, a Missouri Corporation,)))
Defendant.	FILE D APR 1 8 1973
	Jack C. Silver, Clerk U. S. DISTRICT COURT

ORDER SUSTAINING PLAINTIFF'S APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO DISMISS COMPLAINT AND CAUSE OF ACTION

The Court has for consideration the Application of Plaintiff for leave to dismiss, the brief in support thereof, and having been orally advised by Mr. James R. Head, counsel for defendant, that defendant has no objection to such dismissal,

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED that plaintiff's application for leave to Dismiss Complaint and Cause of Action be and the same is hereby sustained.

ENTERED this 18 day of April, 1973.

CHIEF UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

IEU:1g 4/18/73

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

CITATION MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC., a corporation,	}	
Plaintiff	\(\)	
vs.	No. 72-C-242	
JOHN L. CASH, et al.,	FILE	D
Defendants	APR 1 8 19	73

JUDGMENT

Jack C. Silver, Clerk U. S. DISTRICT COURT

There came on for trial before the undersigned United States

District Judge sitting in and for the Northern District of Oklahoma, on

the 16th day of April 1973, the above styled and numbered matter, as to

the defendant, Carl Hood; plaintiff appearing by its duly authorized

representative and counsel of record, Irvine E. Ungerman and Gatra Marvin,

and the defendant, Carl Hood, appearing in person and by his counsel,

James Frasier and the parties having announced ready for trial a jury of

twelve persons were sworn to well and truly try said cause.

Thereafter the Plaintiff introduced witnesses sworn and examined in open Court and rested its cause. Upon plaintiff resting its cause the defendant interposed a motion to dismiss the proceedings and which motion, after due consideration by the Court, was overruled and exceptions allowed the defendant.

Thereupon the defendant offered proof from witnesses sworn and examined in open Court and upon resting his cause the defendant by a motion moved the Court to direct the jury to return a verdict in favor of the defendant and after due consideration by the Court the motion was overruled and exceptions allowed the defendant.

Thereafter the parties proceeded to argue their respective causes to the jury and the Court then duly instructed the jury on the issues of law and the cause as submitted to the jury.

Thereafter and in open Court the jury returned a verdict which was in the following words and figures, to-wit:

```
"United States District Court for the
Northern District of Oklahoma

CITATION MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC., )
a corporation, Plaintiff
v. No. 72-C-242

CARL HOOD, d/b/a F & W INDUSTRIAL )

SUPPLY and HOLIDAY MOBILE HOMES, )
Defendant )
```

LAW OFFICES Ungerman, Grabel, Ungerman

SIXTH FLOOR WRIGHT BUILDING TULBA, OKLAHOMA

We, the Jury, find the issues herein in favor of the Plainti
Citation Manufacturing Company, Inc., a corporation, and against the
Defendant, Carl Hood, d/b/a F & W Industrial Supply and Holiday Mobile Home
and fix Plaintiff's recovery in the amount of \$14,250.00.

pril 16, 1973 Date	Vance Spordopole
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together with an answer to a special interrogatory submitted by the Court by agreement of the parties which is in the following words and figures, to-wit:

"IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

CITATION MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC.)
a corporation, Plaintiff	Ś
vs.)
CARL HOOD, d/b/a F. & W. INDUSTRIAL	Ś
SUPPLY and HOLIDAY MOBILE HOMES.)
Defendant	j

SPECIAL INTERROGATORY

Have you based your general verdict in favor of the Plaintiff

on:

1.	Breach	of	Contract?				
				yes	or	no	

2.	Fraud?				
		-	-		
		yes	ØT	no	

3.	Both	Breach	of	Contract	and	Fraud?	Yes
							yes or no

April 16, 1973 date	Vance Spordopole Foreman "
------------------------	----------------------------

The Court ordered that said verdict be spread upon the records of the Court and that judgment should be rendered thereon.

that Plaintiff, Citation Manufacturing Company, Inc., a corporation, do have and recover in the above styled and numbered matter a judgment against the defendant, Carl Hood, for the principal sum of \$14,250.00 and pursuant to a Stipulation filed in this Court, a further judgment of interest on said \$14,250.00 at the rate of 6% per annum from the 5th day of June, 1972, until paid, together with a further sum of \$2,500.00 attorneys fees for the use and benefit of Plaintiff's counsel herein, and to be taxed as

cost herein; to all of which the defendant, Carl Hood, excepted and exceptions are hereby allowed.

United States District Judge

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Irvine E. Ungerman

Gatra Marvin

Attorneys for Plaintiff

James Frasier Attorney for Defendant, Carl Hood

United States District Court

FOR THE

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

WILHELMINA FULLER and SESTOS BERNICE FULLER, Plaintiffs,

STEAK AND ALE, INC. OF TULSA, Defendant.

CIVIL ACTION FILE No. 72-C-352

CONSOLIDATED

72-C-353

JUDGMENT

APR 1 8 1973

Jack C. Silver, Clerk U. S. DISTRICT COURT

This action came on for trial before the Court and a jury, Honorable Fred Daugherty , United States District Judge, presiding, and the issues having been duly tried and

the jury having duly rendered its verdict, for the Defendant, Steak and Ale, Inc. of Tulsa and against the Plaintiffs, Wilhelmina Fuller and Sestos Bernice Fuller.

It is Ordered and Adjudged that the plaintiffs take nothing, that the action is dismissed on its merits, and that the defendant, Steak and Ale, Inc. of Tulsa, recover of the plaintiffs, its costs of action.

Dated at Tulsa, Oklahoma

of April , ¹⁹ 73 ·

, this

18th

day

Clerk of Court

Jack C. Silver, Clerk U.S. DISTRICT COURT

United States of America, Plaintiff, CIVIL ACTION NO. 71-C-197 VS. Tract No. 1625M 10.00 Acres of Land, More or Less, Situate in Nowata (Lessor Interest Only) County, State of Oklahoma, and Julian W. Glass, Jr., et al., and Unknown Owners, Defendants.

JUDGMENT

NOW, on this _____ day of April, 1973, this matter comes on for disposition on application of the Plaintiff, United States of America, for entry of judgment fixing just compensation in this matter. After having examined the files in this action and being advised by counsel, the Court finds:

2.

This judgment applies only to the lessor interest in the estate condemned in Tract No. 1625M, as such estate and tract are described in the Complaint filed in this action.

3.

The Court has jurisdiction of the parties and the subject matter of this action.

Service of Process has been perfected either personally or by publication notice, as provided by Rule 71A of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, on all parties defendant in this cause who are interested in subject property.

The Acts of Congress set out in paragraph 2 of the Complaint filed herein give the United States of America the right, power and authority to condemn for public use the property described above in paragraph 2. Pursuant thereto, on

June 1, 1971, the United States of America filed its Declaration of Taking of such property, and title thereto should be vested in the United States of America, as of the date of filing such instrument.

6.

Simultaneously with filing the Declaration of Taking, there was deposited in the Registry of this Court as estimated compensation for the lessor interest in the estate taken in the subject tract a certain sum of money, and none of this deposit has been disbursed, as set out below in paragraph 13.

7.

A pre-trial hearing in this case was set by the Court for March 27, 1973. Due notice of such hearing was given to all of the parties. The Plaintiff, United States of America, appeared at such hearing by Hubert A. Marlow, Assistant United States Attorney for the Northern District of Oklahoma. Mr. W. E. Maddux, Attorney, appeared for the owners of the subject property.

8.

At the said pre-trial conference the parties stated their respective opinions as to the value of the subject interest. Neither party requested a trial. Based upon the pre-trial statements of the parties, the Court concludes that a trial is not necessary or advisable and that the sum of \$170.00 should be adopted as the award of just compensation for the subject interest.

9.

This judgment will create a deficiency between the amount deposited as estimated just compensation for the lessor interest in the estate taken in subject tract and the amount fixed by the Court as just compensation, and a sum of money sufficient to cover such deficiency should be deposited by the Government. This deficiency is set out below in paragraph 13.

10.

The defendants named in paragraph 13 as owners of the lessor interest in the estate taken in the subject tract are the only defendants asserting any interest in such property. All

other defendants having either disclaimed or defaulted, the named defendants are the owners of such property, as of the date of taking and, as such, are entitled to receive the just compensation awarded by this Judgment.

11.

It Is, Therefore, ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the United States of America has the right, power and authority to condemn for public use the subject tract, as it is described in the Complaint filed herein, and such property, to the extent of the lessor interest in the estate described in such Complaint, is condemned, and title thereto is vested in the United States of America, as of June 1, 1971, and all defendants herein and all other persons are forever barred from asserting any claim to such interest.

12.

It Is Further ORDERZD, ADJUDGED and DECREED that on the date of taking in this case, the owners of the lessor interest in the estate taken herein in subject tract were the defendants whose names appear below in paragraph 13, and the right to receive the just compensation awarded by this judgment is vested in the parties so named.

13.

It Is Further ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the sum of \$170.00 hereby is adopted as the award of just compensation for the lessor interest in the estate taken in subject tract, as shown by the following schedule:

TRACT NO. 1625M (Lessor interest only)

Owners of Lessor Interest:

Julian W. Glass, Jr., Trustee for Eva Payne Glass, Ernest Frances Bradfield, & Julian W. Glass, Jr.

Award of just compensation pursuant to Court's findings	\$170.00	\$170.00
Deposited as estimated compensation	60.00	
Disbursed to owners		None
Balance due to owners		\$170.00 Plus Interest
Deposit deficiency	\$110.00	

14.

It Is Further ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the United States of America shall pay into the Registry of this Court for the benefit of the owners the deposit deficiency shown in paragraph 13 above, in the total amount of \$110.00, together with interest thereon, computed at the rate of 6% per annum from June 1, 1971, to the date of such payment, and such sum shall be placed in the deposit for the subject tract in this civil action.

Upon receipt of such deficiency deposit the Clerk of this Court shall disburse from the deposit for the subject tract as follows:

To - Julian W. Glass, Jr., Trustee for Eva Payne Glass, Ernest Frances Bradfield and Julian W. Glass, Jr., the sum of \$170.00 together with all of the accrued interest included in the aforesaid deficiency deposit.

/s/ Allen E. Barrow
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

APPROVED:

/s/ Hubert A. Marlow

HUBERT A. MARLOW Assistant United States Attorney

FILED

APR 1 7 1973

Jack C. Silver, Clerk U. S. DISTRICT COURT United States of America, Plaintiff, CIVIL ACTION NO. 70-C-175 vs. Tract No. 818M 30.00 Acres of Land, More or Less, Situate in Nowata County,) (Lessor Interest Only) State of Oklahoma, and P.I.C. Management Company, Inc., et al., and Unknown Owners, Defendants.

JUDGMENT

NOW, on this 6 day of April, 1973, this matter comes on for disposition on application of the Plaintiff, United States of America, for entry of judgment fixing just compensation in this matter. After having examined the files in this action and being advised by counsel, the Court finds:

This judgment applies only to the lessor interest in the estate condemned in Tract No. 818M, as such estate and tract are described in the Complaint filed in this action.

3.

The Court has jurisdiction of the parties and the subject matter of this action.

4.

Service of Process has been perfected either personally or by publication notice, as provided by Rule 71A of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, on all parties defendant in this cause who are interested in subject property.

5.

The Acts of Congress set out in paragraph 2 of the Complaint filed herein give the United States of America the right, power and authority to condemn for public use the property described above in paragraph 2. Pursuant thereto, on

June 4, 1970, the United States of America filed its Declaration of Taking of such property, and title thereto should be vested in the United States of America, as of the date of filing such instrument.

6.

Simultaneously with filing the Declaration of Taking, there was deposited in the Registry of this Court as estimated compensation for the lessor interest in the estate taken in the subject tract a certain sum of money, and none of this deposit has been disbursed, as set out below in paragraph 13.

7.

A pre-trial hearing in this case was set by the Court for March 22, 1973. Due notice of such hearing was given to all of the parties. The Plaintiff, United States of America, appeared at such hearing by Hubert A. Marlow, Assistant United States Attorney for the Northern District of Oklahoma. Mr. H. S. Milam, one of the owners of the subject property appeared. The other owners did not appear in person, nor did any attorney appear for them.

8.

At the said pre-trial conference the parties stated their respective opinions as to the value of the subject interest. Neither party requested a trial. Based upon the pre-trial statements of the parties, the Court concludes that a trial is not necessary or advisable and that the sum of \$510.00 should be adopted as the award of just compensation for the subject interest.

9.

This judgment will create a deficiency between the amount deposited as estimated just compensation for the lessor interest in the estate taken in subject tract and the amount fixed by the Court as just compensation, and a sum of money sufficient to cover such deficiency should be deposited by the Government. This deficiency is set out below in paragraph 13.

10.

The defendants named in paragraph 13 as owners of the lessor interest in the estate taken in the subject tract are the only defendants asserting any interest in such property. All other defendants having either disclaimed or defaulted, the named defendants are the owners of such property, as of the date of taking and, as such, are entitled to receive the just compensation awarded by this Judgment.

11.

It Is, Therefore, ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the United States of America has the right, power and authority to condemn for public use the subject tract, as it is described in the Complaint filed herein, and such property, to the extent of the lessor interest in the estate described in such Complaint, is condemned, and title thereto is vested in the United States of America, as of June 4, 1970, and all defendants herein and all other persons are forever barred from asserting any claim to such interest.

12.

It Is Further ORDERED ADJUDGED and DECREED that on the date of taking in this case, the owners of the lessor interest in the estate taken herein in subject tract were the defendants whose names appear below in paragraph 13,, and the right to receive the just compensation awarded by this judgment is vested in the parties so named.

13.

It is Further ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the sum of \$510.00 hereby is adopted as the award of just compensation for the lessor interest in the estate taken in subject tract, and such award is allocated among the various owners as shown by the following schedule:

TRACT NO. 818M (Lessor interest only)

Owners of lessor interest:

P.I.C. Management Co., Inc H. S. Milam Mildred M. Viles Mary M. Stevenson	1/5 1/6
Award of just compensation pursuant to Court's findings \$510.00	\$510.00
Deposited as estimated compensation 210.00	
Disbursed to owners	<u>None</u>
Balance due to owners	\$510.00 plus interest
Deposit deficiency \$300.00	

14.

It Is Further ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the United States of America shall pay into the Registry of this Court for the benefit of the owners the deposit deficiency shown in paragraph 13 above, in the total amount of \$300.00, together with interest thereon, computed at the rate of 6% per annum from June 4, 1970 to the date of such payment, and such sum shall be placed in the deposit for the subject tract in this civil action.

Upon receipt of such deficiency deposit the Clerk of this Court shall disburse from the deposit for the subject tract certain sums as follows:

To each owner the balance due to him as shown above in paragraph 13, together with each owner's proportionate share of the accrued interest on the deposit deficiency based upon such owner's fractional interest in the subject property.

/s/	Al.	len	E.	Barrow		
 UNIT	ΈD	STA	TES	DISTRICT	JUDGE	

APPROVED:

/s/ Hubert A. Marlow
HUBERT A. MARLOW
Assistant United States Attorney

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA FILED

APR 1 7 1973.

Jack C. Silver, Clerk U. S. DISTRICT COURT

United States of America,

Plaintiff,

vs.

20.70 Acres of Land, More or Less, Situate in Rogers County, State of Oklahoma, and Jay T. Phillips, et al., and Unknown Owners,

Defendants.

CIVIL ACTION NO. 70-C-172

Tract No. 535M

(Lessor Interest Only)

JUDGMENT

1.

NOW, on this _____ day of April, 1973, this matter comes on for disposition on application of the Plaintiff, United States of America, for entry of judgment fixing just compensation in this matter. After having examined the files in this action and being advised by counsel, the Court finds:

2.

This judgment applies only to the lessor interest in the estate condemned in Tract No. 535M, as such estate and tract are described in the Complaint filed in this action.

3.

The Court has jurisdiction of the parties and the subject matter of this action.

4.

Service of Process has been perfected either personally or by publication notice, as provided by Rule 71A of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, on all parties defendant in this cause who are interested in subject property.

5.

The Acts of Congress set out in paragraph 2 of the Complaint filed herein give the United States of America the right, power and authority to condemn for public use the property described above in paragraph 2. Pursuant thereto, on

June 4, 1970, the United States of America filed its Declaration of Taking of such property, and title thereto should be vested in the United States of America, as of the date of filing such instrument.

6.

Simultaneously with filing the Declaration of Taking, there was deposited in the Registry of this Court as estimated compensation for the lessor interest in the estate taken in the subject tract a certain sum of money, and none of this deposit has been disbursed, as set out below in paragraph 13.

7.

A pre-trial hearing in this case was set by the Court for March 22, 1973. Due notice of such hearing was given to all of the parties. The Plaintiff, United States of America, appeared at such hearing by Hubert A. Marlow, Assistant United States Attorney for the Northern District of Oklahoma. Mr. Jay T. Phillips, one of the owners of the subject property appeared. The other owners did not appear in person, nor did any attorney appear for them.

8.

At the said pre-trial conference the parties stated their respective opinions as to the value of the subject interest. Neither party requested a trial. Based upon the pre-trial statements of the parties the Court concludes that a trial is not necessary or advisable and that the sum of \$456.00 should be adopted as the award of just compensation for the subject interest.

9.

This judgment will create a deficiency between the amount deposited as estimated just compensation for the lessor interest in the estate taken in subject tract and the amount fixed by the Court as just compensation, and a sum of money sufficient to cover such deficiency should be deposited by the Government. This deficiency is set out below in paragraph 13.

The defendants named in paragraph 13 as owners of the lessor interest in the estate taken in the subject tract are the only defendants asserting any interest in such property. All other defendants having either disclaimed or defaulted, the named defendants are the owners of such property, as of the date of taking and, as such, are entitled to receive the just compensation awarded by this Judgment.

11.

It Is, Therefore, ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the United States of America has the right, power and authority to condemn for public use the subject tract, as it is described in the Complaint filed herein, and such property, to the extent of the lessor interest in the estate described in such Complaint, is condemned, and title thereto is vested in the United States of America, as of June 4, 1970, and all defendants herein and all other persons are forever barred from asserting any claim to such interest.

12.

It Is Further ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that on the date of taking in this case, the owners of the lessor interest in the estate taken herein in subject tract were the defendants whose names appear below in paragraph 13, and the right to receive the just compensation awarded by this judgment is vested in the parties so named.

13.

It Is Further ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the sum of \$456.00 hereby is adopted as the award of just compensation for the lessor interest in the estate taken in subject tract, and such award is allocated among the various owners as shown by the following schedule:

TRACT NO. 535M

(Lessor Interest Only)

Owners of lessor interest:

Share of tota	1 award
Jay T. Phillips 1/4	
Heirs of Cecil R. Phillips, deceased, who are:	
Beulah L. Phillips 1/12 Virginia Maddux 1/24 Billy Fairfield 1/24 Ronald Phillips 1/24 John Phillips 1/24	
Heirs of Wilse T. Phillips, deceased, who are:	
Vera Phillips 1/12 Donna L. Dixon 1/24 Vera Alene Gentry 1/24 James E. Phillips 1/24 Anita M. Lee 1/24	
Lillie E. M. Beckwith 1/4	
Award of just compensation, pursuant to Court's findings \$456.00	\$456.00
Deposited as estimated compensation \$124.00	
Disbursed to owners	None
Balance due to owners	\$456.00 Plus Interest
Deposit deficiency \$332.00	11100100

14.

It Is Further ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the United States of America shall pay into the Registry of this Court for the benefit of the owners the deposit deficiency shown in paragraph 13 above, in the total amount of \$332.00, together with interest thereon, computed at the rate of 6% per annum from June 4, 1970, to the date of such payment, and such sum shall be placed in the deposit for the subject tract in this civil action.

Upon receipt of such deficiency deposit the Clerk of this Court shall disburse from the deposit for the subject tract certain sums as follows:

To each owner the balance due to him as shown above in paragraph 13, together with each owner's proportionate share of the accrued interest on the deposit deficiency based upon such owners's fractional interest in the subject property.

/s/ Allen E. Barrow

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

APPROVED:

/s/ Hubert A. Marlow

HUBERT A. MARLOW Assistant United States Attorney

APR:1 7 1973,

Jack C. Silver, Clerk

U. S. DISTRICT COURT United States of America, Plaintiff, CIVIL ACTION NO. 70-C-112 VS. Tract No. 1049M 98.00 Acres of Land, More or Less, Situate in Nowata (Lessor Interest Only) County, State of Oklahoma, and Violet Rinehart, et al., and Unknown Owners,

J.U D G M E N T

Defendants.

NOW, on this 16 day of April, 1973, this matter comes on for disposition on application of the Plaintiff, United States of America, for entry of judgment fixing just compensation in this matter. After having examined the files in this action and being advised by counsel, the Court finds:

2.

This judgment applies only to the lessor interest in the estate condemned in Tract No. 1049M, as such estate and tract are described in the Complaint filed in this action.

3.

The Court has jurisdiction of the parties and the subject matter of this action.

4.

Service of Process has been perfected either personally or by publication notice, as provided by Rule 71A of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, on all parties defendant in this cause who are interested in subject property.

The Acts of Congress set out in paragraph 2 of the Complaint filed herein give the United States of America the right, power and authority to condemn for public use the property described above in paragraph 2. Pursuant thereto, on

April 13, 1970, the United States of America filed its Declaration of Taking of such property, and title thereto should be vested in the United States of America, as of the date of filing such instrument.

6.

Simultaneously with filing the Declaration of Taking, there was deposited in the Registry of this Court as estimated compensation for the lessor interest in the estate taken in the subject tract a certain sum of money, and none of this deposit has been disbursed, as set out below in paragraph 11.

7.

A pre-trial hearing in this case was set by the Court for March 20, 1973. Due notice of such hearing was given to all of the parties. The Plaintiff, United States of America, appeared at such hearing by Hubert A. Marlow, Assistant United States Attorney for the Northern District of Oklahoma. The owners of the subject property did not appear, nor did any attorney appear for them.

8 .

The Court has been advised by counsel for Plaintiff that in the event of a trial, Plaintiff's evidence would show that \$511.00 was the value of the lessor interest in the estate taken in this case. This sum is based upon an appraisal made by J. M. Wanenmacher; and, no objection having been made by the owners, such sum should be adopted as the award of just compensation for the lessor interest.

9.

The defendants named in paragraph 11 as owners of the lessor interest in the estate taken in the subject tract are the only defendants asserting any interest in such property. All other defendants having either disclaimed or defaulted, the named defendants are the owners of such property, as of the date of taking and, as such, are entitled to receive the just compensation awarded by this Judgment.

12.

It Is Further ORDERED that the Clerk of this Court now shall disburse from the deposit for the subject tract certain sums as follows:

To - Charles B. Rinehart ----- \$255.50

Mary Virginia Fuller ----- \$255.50.

/s/ Allen E. Barrow

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

APPROVED:

/s/ Hubert A. Marlow

HUBERT A. MARLOW Assistant United States Attorney

BILL MORRISON,)
Plaintiff,))
~ vs -) No. 72-C-202
KAN-SUN, INC., a Kansas Corporation, and TOPEKA METAL SPECIALTIES, INC., a Kansas Corporation, and HENRY GERDES.	; } EILED
Defendants.) MPR:1 6 1973
ORDER OF DISMIS	Jack C. Silver, Clerk U. S. DISTRICT COURT

This matter coming on before me on the stipulation of dismissal filed herein, the Court finds:

That the above cause be dismissed with prejudice to filing a new action.

Dated this / day of April, 1973.

FRED DAUGHERTY, JUDGE

VIRGINIA D. CHANCE		}	• .
	Plaintiff	Ś	
νs		}	NO. 72-C-182
TYLER PIPE INDUSTRIES, Corporation, and LARRY LEE DIKE,	a)	
	Defendants	Ś	
			CONSOLIDATED
ALLISON CHANCE			FILED
	Plaintiff	{	APR 1 6 1973
vs		j	Jack C. Silver, Clerk
TYLER PIPE INDUSTRIES Corporation, and LARRY LEE DIKE	, a)))	NO. 72-C-183
	Defendants	Ś	

STIPULATION OF DISMISSAL WITH PREJUDICE

Come now the plaintiffs, through their attorney, David H. Loeffler, Jr., and the defendants, through their attorney, Joseph F. Glass, and stipulate that the above captioned causes of action be dismissed with prejudice to filing a future action herein.

Attorney for Defendants

ORDER

And now on this day of April, 1973, there came on for consideration before the undersigned Judge of the United States District Court for the Northern District of Oklahoma, stipulation of the parties hereto of dismissal, parties hereto having advised the court that all disputes between the parties have been settled.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the above styled cases be and the same are hereby dismissed with prejudice to the right of the plaintiffs to bring any future action arising from said cause of action.

ws

FILED

APR 16 1973

Jack C. Silver, Clerk
U. S. DISTRICT COURT

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA and E. C. TALLEY, Special Agent, Internal Revenue Service,

Petitioners,

No. 73-C-24

vs.

PAUL R. HODGSON,

Respondent.

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND JUDGMENT

This cause of action came on for hearing before this Court on a Show Cause Order on the 15th day of February, 1973.

E. C. Talley appeared in person and by James H. Jeffries, III, and Nathan Graham, United States District Attorney, appeared for the United States of America. The Respondent, Paul R. Hodgson, appeared in person and by his attorney, James R. Hays. The Court heard the testimony of E. C. Talley and continued the cause until March 6, 1973, with the order that the parties submit additional briefs. On March 6, 1973, the Court heard additional argument and ordered that an in camera inspection be made of Respondent's documents by the Court. The matter was continued until March 8, 1973. The Court at that time made its order concerning the in camera inspection and additionally found that the summons should not be enforced.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. This is an action brought to enforce an Internal Revenue Summons, pursuant to Title 26 U.S.C.A. §§7402(b) and 7604(a).
- 2. Title 26 U.S.C.A.§7402(b) provides, in pertinent part, as follows:
 - "(b) To enforce summons.-If any person is summoned under the Internal revenue laws to appear, to testify, or to produce books, papers, or other data, the district court of the United States for the district in which such person resides or may be found shall have jurisdiction by appropriate process to compel such attendance, testimony, or production of books, papers, or other data."
- 3. Title 26 U.S.C.A. §7604(a) provides, in pertinent part, as follows:
 - "(a) Jurisdiction of district court-If any person is summoned under the internal revenue laws to appear, to testify, or to produce books, papers, records, or other data, the United States district court for the district in which such person resides or is found shall have jurisdiction by appropriate process to compel such attendance, testimony, or production of books, papers, records, or other data."
- 4. Petitioner, E. C. Talley, (hereinafter referred to as "Talley") is a special agent of the Internal Revenue Service, and, is authorized to issue summons, pursuant to the authority of Title 26 U.S.C.A. §7602. Talley's primary duties (TR.-19) are to investigate possible criminal violations of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 5. Respondent, Paul R. Hodgson, is an attorney at law engaged in the practice of law in Tulsa, Oklahoma. As reflected by the affidavit of Paul R. Hodgson, he has not practiced accounting during any of the period January 1, 1966, through February 5, 1973. (Exhibit "B" attached to Respondent's Answer)

- 6. He has represented Leroy Dale Hines (hereinafter referred to as "Hines") as an attorney during the years 1966 through 1971, and, does now represent him as such. Respondent neither represented Hines as an accountant, nor did he prepare any tax returns for Hines during the calendar years 1966 through 1971.
- 7. Talley was assigned to investigate the tax returns of Hines for the years 1967 through 1971. On October 16, 1972, Talley issued a summons to Respondent, directing that he appear before Talley on October 27, 1972, to give testimony relating to the possible tax liability of Hines. Pursuant to the summons, Respondent was directed to bring with him the following documents:
 - "1. Records of all charges to or in the behalf of LEROY DALE HINES during the years 1966 through 1971, inclusive, for legal fees, advice and/or other services.
 - "2. Records of all moneys received and/or amounts credited by you for or in the behalf of LEROY DALE HINES for legal fees, advice and/or other services rendered during 1966 through 1971, inclusive. This includes, but is not limited to:
 - "a. Amounts
 - "b. Dates of payment
 - "c. By whom paid or who caused the credit to be made
 - "d. How the payments or credits were made, i.e., check, currency or other."
- 8. Respondent appeared before Talley, at the time and place specified, as directed by the summons; however, Respondent refused production of the records sought by Talley, claiming attorney-client privilege. Hines, through his attorney, also asserted the attorney-client privilege. The record reflects that Hines did not then, mor has he since, by and through Respondent, waived the privilege, as disclosed by Exhibit "B" attached to Respondent's Answer.

- 9. Additionally, Respondent has asserted, at the request of Hines, although not for himself, the Fifth Amendment privilege against self-incrimination. The basis of this alleged privilege is premised on the theory that the requested information might tend to incriminate Hines.
- 10. The Court twice offered to enforce the summons if the Petitioners would agree that the only purpose for which it would be used was to determine civil tax liability, if any. Twice the offer was rejected by the Petitioners. (TR.-65, 83)
- 11. Based on the in camera inspection by the Court, the Court concludes that the fees paid Respondent by Hines were strictly fees, as stated in the affidavit of Respondent, who is an officer of this Court; that the fees were so inconsequential that no benefit could be derived from their disclosure to the Government at the present time. (TR.-83)
- 12. The Court has taken judicial notice of the numerous occasions on which Hines has been before this Court:
- (1) 1966- Alleged violation by Hines of gambling stamp tax laws, Title 26 U.S.C.A. §7206(1) and §4412(a)(2), which was later dismissed.
- Hines entered a guilty plea to an indictment charging him with a violation of Title 18 U.S.C.A. §1952 and §1953; sentence was a \$10,000 fine and three (3) years probation. The case was numbered CR-14406. At that time, Mr. Ed Joyce, a ranking member of the Justice Department "Task Force", in answer to the Court's question, stated in open Court that the evidence uncovered indicated that Hines was not a member of any organized crime group.
- (3) 1971- Hines acquitted of a conspiracy charge, along with others, because of the insufficiency of the evidence to support a conviction under the law, in case no. 71-CR-48.
- (4) 1971- Defendant, Hines, was acquitted on a gambling charge based on the Court's ruling that since there were no Oklahoma laws against gambling on football games, there could be no violation of the Federal law prohibiting the obtaining of information from without the state. (Case No. 71-CR-47)

- (5) 1972- A default judgment was entered against Hines, at the Government's request, in the amount of \$774,540.71, plus interest, according to law, and costs were awarded by this Court in favor of the United States and against Leroy Dale Hines, covering alleged unpaid gambling excise taxes, penalties and interest for the periods of January, 1964, through June, 1966, and December, 1966; and Income taxes, penalties and interest for the years 1964, 1965 and 1967. The judgment and/or any part of it, remains uncollected.
- 13. The Court finds that this investigation, in view of the history of prior cases against Hines, could very well be looked upon as a vendetta against Hines. It appears that the sole purpose of the investigation, by Talley's own admission, is to obtain evidence for possible criminal prosecution of Hines because of alleged criminal violation of Internal Revenue laws.
- Government obtained the default judgment cited hereinabove on November 28, 1972, a perusal of the file in that case reveals that no execution has ever issued in an attempt to recover assets in sufficient amount to satisfy the judgment. The very fact that no attempt has been made by the Government to satisfy this judgment connotes to this Court that the only purpose of the investigation is for criminal purposes rather than civil and/or criminal purposes.
- 15. The Court further finds that the Respondent might subject himself to a law suit if he submitted the information and testimony in compliance with the summons and failed to assert the attorney-client privilege.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Based on the foregoing Findings of Fact, the Court makes the following Conclusions of Law:

- 1. The Court finds that it has jurisdiction of the subject matter and the parties to this litigation.
- 2. The Court finds that Federal law governs the question of the assertion of attorney-client privilege. The Court further

finds that the Circuits are somewhat in disagreement as to the question of attorney-client privilege. The Court has found no Tenth Circuit decision squarely in point with the question presented in this litigation. Under the circumstances, it appears to the Court that the better choice of law is to apply Federal law rather than the State law of attorney-client privilege.

- 3. The Court finds that the records sought by the summons, and, the information contained therein, are protected by the attorney-client privilege. The assertion of privilege in the instant litigation is proper in view of the fact that the charges for legal fees were made as communications and the work product of the attorney and explain the specific and general nature of the services performed. Disclosure of the requested records could expose the general nature of the legal services rendered by the Respondent to Hines.
- 4. Confidential communications made between an attorney and a client, pursuant to the relationship and concerning the subject matter of the attorney's employment, are generally privileged from disclosure. This rule is for the benefit of the client and it embraces all written and oral communications made between the attorney and client as well as documents entrusted to the attorney by the client, in the course of the business for which the attorney is employed.
- 5. The legal profession is a noble one. This Court is aware that holding inviolate the confidences and secrets communicated by a client to an attorney not only facilitates the full development of facts essential to proper representation of the client, but also encourages laymen to seek early legal representation. Consequently, the attorney-client privilege should be safeguarded. If this privilege is not protected, where shall one go for advice?

- 6. It is the essence of the attorney-client privilege that it be limited to communications made in confidence and under circumstances from which it may reasonably be presumed that they will remain in confidence. Thus, it is well established that communications between an attorney and his client, though made privately, are not privileged if it is intended that the information communicated is to be disclosed to others. However, in the instant case, under no circumstances could it be asserted that it was understood by either the attorney, or the client, that the requested information would be communicated to anyone beyond the purview of the protective rule.
- 7. The United States of America and Talley are endeavoring, in a civil action, to discover possible evidence that might be used in a criminal prosecution. In this connection the Court finds that once the attorney-client privilege attaches, it remains in force, unless waived by the parties. If that privilege is not waived, even if the Government were successful in enforcing their summons in the instant litigation, the information thus obtained, in view of the attorney-client privilege, would be inadmissible in a criminal case. Admission of such evidence would constitute error.
- 8. The Court is aware of the seriousness of the issue raised regarding the Fifth Amendment privilege against self-incrimination asserted by Hines through his attorney. Furthermore, the Court is also aware of the apparent lack of good faith appearing from the conduct of Petitioners with regard to Hines and that such lack of good faith was condemned in Donaldson, FKA Sweet v. United States, et al., 400 U.S. 517 (1971). However, because the attorney-client privilege is dispositive of the case, it is unnecessary for the Court to determine the questions raised by those issues. Therefore, pursuant to the proper assertion of the attorney-client privilege, the summons should not be enforced.

JUDGMENT

Based on the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law:

IT IS ORDERED that the summons shall not be enforced and the complaint and cause of action are dismissed.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that no party shall recover costs. ENTERED this 6th day of 6th , 1973.

CHIEF UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

United States of America,

Plaintiff,

vs.

70.00 Acres of Land, More or)
Less, Situate in Rogers County,)
State of Oklahoma, and Clyte)
Harlan, et al., and Unknown)
Owners,)

Defendants.

CIVIL ACTION NO. 72-C-462

Tract No. 605M

EILE P APR 16 1973

Jack C. Silver, Clerk
U.S. DISTRICT COURT

JUDGMENT

2.

This judgment applies to the entire estate condemned in Tract No. 605M, as such estate and tract are described in the Complaint filed in this action.

3.

The Court has jurisdiction of the parties and the subject matter of this action.

4.

Service of Process has been perfected either personally or by publication notice, as provided by Rule 71A of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, on all parties defendant in this cause who are interested in subject property.

5.

The Acts of Congress set out in paragraph 2 of the Complaint filed herein give the United States of America the right, power and authority to condemn for public use the property described above in paragraph 2. Pursuant thereto, on December 27, 1972, the United States of America filed its

Declaration of Taking of such property, and title thereto should be vested in the United States of America, as of the date of filing such instrument.

6.

Simultaneously with filing the Declaration of Taking, there was deposited in the Registry of this Court as estimated compensation for the estate taken in the subject tract a certain sum of money, and none of this deposit has been disbursed, as set out below in paragraph 12.

7.

A pre-trial hearing in this case was set by the Court for April 16, 1973. Due notice of such hearing was given to all of the parties. The Plaintiff, United States of America, appeared at such hearing by Hubert A. Marlow, Assistant United States Attorney for the Northern District of Oklahoma. The owners of the subject property did not appear, nor did any attorney appear for them.

8.

and the Court admitted, as Plaintiff's Exhibit No. 1, a written appraisal report prepared by Mr. Gordon Romine, a petroleum engineer. Such report indicates that the market value of the subject property was \$35.00, and, no objection having been made by the owners, such sum should be adopted as the award of just compensation for the property taken in this case.

9.

The defendants named in paragraph 12 as owners of the estate taken in the subject tract are the only defendants asserting any interest in such property. All other defendants having either disclaimed or defaulted, the named defendants are the owners of such property, as of the date of taking and, as such, are entitled to receive the just compensation awarded by this judgment.

It Is, Therefore, ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the United States of America has the right, power and authority to condemn for public use the subject tract, as it is described in the Complaint filed herein, and such property, to the extent of the estate described in such Complaint, is condemned, and title thereto is vested in the United States of America, as of December 27, 1972, and all defendants herein and all other persons are forever barred from asserting any claim to such estate.

11.

It Is Further ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that on the date of taking in this case, the owners of the estate taken herein in subject tract were the defendants whose names appear below in paragraph 12 and the right to receive the just compensation awarded by this judgment is vested in the parties so named. Such owners are wholly in default of any appearance in this case.

12.

It Is Further ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the sum of \$35.00 hereby is adopted as the award of just compensation for the estate taken in subject tract, as shown by the following schedule:

TRACT NO. 605M

Owners:

Clyte Harlan and Mabel Harlan

Award of just compensation pursuant to Court's findings \$35.00	\$35.00
Deposited as estimated compensation 35.00	
Disbursed to owners	None
Balance due to owners	\$35.00

13.

It Is Further ORDERED that the Clerk of this Court now shall disburse the deposit in this case as follows:

To Clyte Harlan and Mabel Harlan, jointly, the sum of \$35.00.

APPROVED:

Thea Jacoberty UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

HUBERT A. MARLOW
Assistant United States Attorney

ALPHA VETERINARY SUPPLY, INC.,)
Plaintiff,	
vs.	No. 71-C-96 FILED
AMERICAN HOECHST CORPORATION,	i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
Defendant.	APR 1 3 1973
Delendant.	Jack C. Silver, Clerk
	U. S. DISTRICT COURT PREJUDICE OF PLAINTIFF'S E AND SATISFACTION OF DEFENDANT'S FIFT ON CROSS-PETITION
,	1973, upon the joint written
application of the parties and for good	cause shown:
IT IS BY THE COURT ORDERED that	t the plaintiff's action be and the
same is hereby dismissed with prejudice	without cost to either party, and
IT IS BY THE COURT ORDERED tha	t the judgment of American Hoechst
Corporation on its Cross-Petition grant	ed herein on the 23 day of February
1973, be and the same is hereby released	
	/
	Luther Bohanon
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
APPROVED:	
111	
APPROVED: UNGERMAN, GRABEL & UNGERMAN	
UNGERMAN, GRABEL, & UNGERMAN	
111	
UNGERMAN, GRABEL & UNGERMAN By Artorneys for Plaintiff Liccus Ulllury	
UNGERMAN, GRABEL, & UNGERMAN	
UNGERMAN, GRABEL & UNGERMAN By Attorneys for Plaintiff Licelle Williams	m

LRH:pm 3-28-73

> IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

EILED APR 1 1 1973

Jack C. Silver, Clerk

ALPHA VETERINARY SUPPLY, INC.,

Plaintiff,

U. S. DISTRICT COURT

vs.

AMERICAN HOECHST CORPORATION,

Defendant.

JOINT APPLICATION FOR ORDER DISMISSING PLAINTIFF'S CAUSE OF ACTION AND FOR ORDER OF RELEASE AND SATISFACTION OF DEFENDANT'S JUDGMENT ON CROSS-PETITION

COMES NOW the above-named parties to this action and jointly apply to the Court for an order discontinuing and dismissing with prejudice the plaintiff's above-styled action without cost to either party.

Further, the parties to this action jointly apply to the Court for an Order of Release and Satisfaction of Defendant's Judgment on Cross-Petition against this plaintiff heretofore granted by the Court on the 23 day of Lebenson, 1973.

UNGERMAN, GRABEL & UNGERMAN

Bencile Williams Co-Attorney for Plaintiff

R. Dobie Langenkamp, Attorney for Defendant

LAW OFFICES GRABEL & UNGERMAN

SIXTH FLOOR WRIGHT BUILDING TULBA, OKLAHOMA

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, for the use of STAR ELECTRIC SUPPLY COMPANY	FILE D
Plaintiff -vs-	Jack C. Silver, Clerk U. S. DISTRICT COURT
HEMPHILL CORPORATION, a Corporation, and UNITED STATES FIDELITY AND GUARANTY COMPANY, a Corporation,) No. 72-c-262
Defendants,)
T K INTERNATIONAL, INC., W. C.)
Klintworth; and R. G. Todd,)
Intervenors)
)

ORDER

NOW on this 23 day of April, 1973, upon the Application of the Plaintiff to dismiss said cause and withdraw funds, and the Court finding that the parties thereto have all agreed to a settlement of said action, and payments are to be made in accordance with said proposed settlement.

NOW THEREFORE, it is hereby ORDERED that the Plaintiff, Star Electric Supply Company be permitted to withdraw from the Clerk of the Court the sum of \$759.11 heretofore tendered by the Defendants to the Clerk of the Court, and the Clerk of the Court is ORDERED to issue its voucher for said aforementioned sum.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, that Star Electric Supply Company, Plaintiff herein, be and it is authorized to dismiss said action with prejudice to a future action and said dismissal is hereby approved.

District Court.

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERIC the use of STAR ELECTRIC SU	A, for JPPLY)	
COMPANY)	•
Pla	aintiff		
-VS-)	
HEMPHILL CORPORATION, a Cor and UNITED STATES FIDELITY	poration,)	
GUARANTY COMPANY, a Corpora	tion)	
		•	No. 72-C-262
Def	endants)	
-vs-)	
T K INTERNATIONAL, INC.; W. Klintworth; and R. G. Todd,)	FILED
)	MPR:1 6 1973
Int	ervenors)	Jack C. Silver, Clerk U. S. DISTRICT COURT

DISMISSAL WITH PREJUDICE

COMES NOW the Plaintiff and hereby dismisses the above cause, with prejudice.

Dated this _____day of April, 1973.

ORDER

Permission to file Dismissal With Prejudice in the above styled matter is granted this _____ day of April, 1973.

DYER, POWERS & MARSH,

1501 Fourth National Bank Bldg.,

Tulsa, Oklahoma 74119 (918) 587-0141

United States of America	,	}	_ 1	P-4	
	Petitioner,	} 7	3 - (] -]	
) Civil No	•		
V8.			·		-
Kyle Daily Nichols,		}	FI	LE	Γ3
	Patient.	\		121973	_
)	. AT 1/	1 4 13/3)
				Silver, C	
	ORDE	R	U. S. DIS	STRICT CO)URT ^v
This day came on States in this cause; and has been fully advised of Section 3411, et seq. (The and the Court having det that the patient is a nare priate State or other fasaid law, MEXICATED that the Surgeon General for exam (Title III, Section 303, he is a narcotic addict report required of each and copies thereof furnidays after the patient is and the patient shall be days at the institution, however, in the event borespective written reports likely to be rehability written instrument fias the reports of the extonotice and hearing on addict who is likely to that he be forthwith come General for treatment in returned to this Court fat said institution for thirty (30) days from the further order of the Court of the National Institut Lexington, Kentucky, by as the U.S. Marshal may	d it appearing to his rights as itle III, Section ermined that the rectic addict, a cilities available should patient be committed to the patient at the pat	tted to the curtain set forth in The set forth in The set forth in The set is reasonable and that there is the for his tree set is reasonable and that there is the for his tree set is rehabilitated as shall be from the facility here is a narcon set ment, and, in the set is a narcon set along with, and, waives any of whether or not through treatment, and, in through treatment and custody the Service, raisedings, he shall be clinical Research said in the service and custody the service and custody the service and custody the service, raisedings, he shall be clinical Research said in the service and custody the service and cu	at the patitle 42 U. Public Leter than twender than twender than the first and at the right he taken than the facility, transport reh Center hin such tient. 19 73	w 89-79 to belief by appropriate the County (20) lesignate (10) covided, who cient he same may have narcoti request irgeon be ained of pending the county (20)	ve - o t trt ed, time
Findings and recommon approved this	endations of day of	the Magistrat	ce review , 1973.	wed and	l

FILED

(APR 121973

Jack C. Silver, Clerk
U. S. DISTRICT COURT

United States of America,

Plaintiff,

VS.

20.00 Acres of Land, More or Less, Situate in Nowata County, State of Oklahoma, and Ralph L. Hall, et al., and Unknown Owners,

Defendants.

CIVIL ACTION NO. 70-C-108

Tract No. 836M

(overriding Royalty Interest Only)

JUDGMENT

1.

NOW, on this _____ day of April, 1973, this matter comes on for disposition on application of the Plaintiff, United States of America, for entry of judgment fixing just compensation in this matter. After having examined the files in this action and being advised by counsel, the Court finds:

2.

This judgment applies only to the overriding royalty interest in the estate condemned in Tract No. 836M, as such estate and tract are described in the Complaint filed in this action.

3.

The Court has jurisdiction of the parties and the subject matter of this action.

4.

Service of Process has been perfected either personally or by publication notice, as provided by Rule 71A of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, on all parties defendant in this cause who are interested in subject property.

5.

The Acts of Congress set out in paragraph 2 of the Complaint filed herein give the United States of America the

right, power and authority to condemn for public use the property described above in paragraph 2. Pursuant thereto, on April 13, 1970, the United States of America filed its Declaration of Taking of such property, and title thereto should be vested in the United States of America, as of the date of filing such instrument.

6.

Simultaneously with filing the Declaration of Taking, there was deposited in the Registry of this Court as estimated compensation for the overriding royalty interest in the estate taken in the subject tract a certain sum of money, and none of this deposit has been disbursed, as set out below in paragraph 12.

7.

A pre-trial hearing in this case was set by the Court for March 20, 1973. Due notice of such hearing was given to all of the parties. The Plaintiff, United States of America, appeared at such hearing by Hubert A. Marlow, Assistant United States Attorney for the Northern District of Oklahoma. Hugh Conine, one of the owners of subject interest, appeared in person. No other defendants appeared either in person or by attorney.

8.

At the said pre-trial conference the parties stated their respective opinions as to value of the subject interest. Neither party requested a trial. Based upon the pre-trial statements of the parties the Court concludes that a trial is not necessary or advisable and that the sum of \$120.00 should be adopted as the award of just compensation for the subject interest.

9.

The defendants named in paragraph 12 as owners of the overriding royalty interest in the estate taken in the subject tract are the only defendants asserting any interest in such interest. All other defendants having either disclaimed or defaulted, the named defendants are the owners of such property, as of the date of taking and, as such, are entitled to receive the just compensation awarded by this Judgment.

This judgment will create a deficiency between the amount deposited as estimated compensation and the amount fixed herein as the award of just compensation for the taking of subject property, and a sum of money sufficient to cover such deficiency should be deposited by the Government. Such deficiency is set out below in paragraph 12.

11.

It Is, Therefore, ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the United States of America has the right, power and authority to condemn for public use the subject tract, as such tract is described in the Complaint filed herein, and the overriding royalty interest in such property, to the extent of the estate described in such Complaint, is condemned, and title thereto is vested in the United States of America, as of April 13, 1970, and all defendants herein and all other persons are forever barred from asserting any claim to such interest.

12.

It Is Further ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that on the date of taking in this case, the owners of the subject property were the defendants whose names appear in the schedule below and the right to receive the just compensation awarded by this judgment is vested in the parties so named. The sum of \$120.00 hereby is adopted as the award of just compensation for the over-riding royalty interest in the estate herein taken in subject tract, as set out in the schedule which follows, to-wit:

TRACT NO. 836M (Overriding royalty interest only)

Owners, ORRI:

Owners, Okki:	
Hugh Conine and Mary Louise Conine	
Award of just compensation for ORRI \$120.00	\$120.00
Deposited as estimated compensation for ORRI 11.00	
Disbursed to owners	None
Balance due to owners	\$120.00
Deposit deficiency \$109.00	

13.

It Is Further ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the Plaintiff, United States of America, shall pay into the Registry of this Court, for the benefit of the owners, the deposit deficiency for subject interest, in the sum of \$109.00, together with interest thereon, computed at the rate of 6% per annum from April 13, 1970, to the date of such payment.

14.

It Is further ORDERED that when the deposit deficiency has been paid into Court the Clerk shall credit such payment to this action and then shall disburse from such deposit, to Hugh Conine and Mary Louise Conine, jointly, the sum of \$120.00, plus all accrued interest included in the aforesaid deficiency deposit.

/s/ Allen E. Barrow

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

APPROVED:

/s/ Hubert A. Marlow

HUBERT A. MARLOW Assistant United States Attorney

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

DON THORNTON FORD, INC., an Oklahoma Corporation, Plaintiff -vs-No. 72-C-392HEMPHILL CORPORATION, an Oklahoma Corporation, T-K INTERNATIONAL, INC., An Oklahoma Corporation, R. G. Todd, individually, W. C. FILED KLINTWORTH, individually, and) UNITED STATES FIDELITY & APR 1 2 1973 GUARANTY COMPANY, INC.,) Jack C. Silver, Clerk Defendants U. S. DISTRICT COURT

ORDER OF DISMISSAL

THIS MATTER coming on before me the undersigned Judge of the District Court, upon the oral application of the Plaintiff, for an Order of Dismissal with Prejudice, and the Court being sufficiently advised, finds and it is

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED by the Court that the above captioned matter be and it is dismissed with prejudice.

APPROVED:

DON THORNTON FORD INC.,

by____ D. W. Jacobus, Jr., Attorney for Plf.

DYER, POWERS & MARSH

1/2 machine Thomas G. Marsh, Attorney for

Hemphill Corporation

rye Demon Troye Kennon, Attorney for Defts:

T-K (International, Inc.,

R. G. Todd Individually,

W. C. Klintworth, Individually, United States Fidelity & Guaranty Company Inc.,

DYER. POWERS & TGM:MP 1501 FOURTH NATIONAL BLOG.

TULSA, OKLAHOMA 74119

IN THE UNITED STATES NORTHERN DISTR	DISTRICT COURT FOR THE LET ! ICT OF OKLAHOMA APR 11 16 '
MFA MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY,	Jack C. Silver, C
Plaintiff,) U. S. DISTRIC! Con-
vs.) 71-C-8
VICKIE BROOKS, et at.,)
Defendants.))

CODER OVERRULING MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL AND TO AMEND JUDGMENT

The Court has for consideration the Motion for New Tiell and to Amend Judgment filed by Western Casualty & Surety Company Dennis Ellsworth, and J. W. Ellsworth, the briefs on file, and being fully advised in the premises, finds:

That said Motion should be overruled.

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED that the Motion for New Trial and to Amend Judgment filed by Western Casualty & Surety Company Dennis Wllsworth and J. W. Ellsworth, be and the same is hereby overruled.

ENTERED this ____ day of ____, 1973.

Con B. Banan

CHILL UNLIED STATES DISTRICT TODAY

RACHEL GRAYSON, a minor, who sues by CLIFFORD GRAYSON, as next friend,

Plaintiff,

-vs-

MICHAEL J. SCHNEIDER,

Defendant.

No. 72-C-322

EILED

APR 1 1 1973

Jack C. Silver, Clerk U. S. DISTRICT COURT

JUDGMENT OF DISMISSAL WITH PREJUDICE

WHEREAS, the parties have stipulated that all questions and issues existing between the parties have been fully and completely disposed of by settlement, and have requested the entrance of a judgment of dismissal with prejudice,

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED by the Court that the cause should be and the same is hereby dismissed with prejudice and the matter fully, finally and completely disposed of hereby.

41-1 Dated this ____ day of March, 1973.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

APPROVI

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Attorney for Defendant.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Civil Action No. 73-(35

KENNETH N. MITCHELL, et al.,

EILED APR 1 1 1972

Defendants.

APR 1 1 1973 Jack C. Silver, Clerk

JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE

Jack C. Silver, Clerk
U. S. DISTRICT COURT

THIS MATTER COMES on for consideration this 102 day of April, 1973, the plaintiff appearing by Robert P. Santee, Assis United States Attorney, and the defendants, Kenneth N. Mitchell and Diane J. Mitchell, appearing not.

The Court being fully advised and having examined the file herein finds that personal service of Summons and Complaint was made on defendants, Kenneth N. Mitchell, Diane L. Mitchell, and Sears, Roebuck and Company, as reflected by the Marshal's Returns of Service herein; that the debt owing to Sears, Roebuck and Company was discharged in bankruptcy; that Sears, Roebuck and Company has executed and mailed to the Tulsa County Clerk a termination of the Financing Statement listed in the Complaint, and

It appearing that the defendants, Kenneth N. Mitchell and Diane L. Mitchell, have failed to answer herein and that default has been entered by the Clerk of this Court.

The Court further finds that this is a suit based upon a mortgage note and foreclosure on a real property mortgage securing said mortgage note and that the following described real property is located in Tulsa County, Oklahoma, within the Northern Judicial District of Oklahoma:

Lot One (1), in Block One (1), NORTHGATE THIRD ADDITION to the City of Tulsa, Tulsa County, Oklahoma, according to the recorded plat thereof.

The Court finds that the material allegations of plaintill Complaint are true and correct, and

THAT the defendants, Kenneth N. Mitchell and Diane L.

Mitchell, id, on September 2, 1969, execute and deliver to Diversified Mortgage and Investment Company, their mortgage and mortgage note in the sum of \$13,200.00 with 7 1/2 per cent interest per annum, and further providing for the payment of monthly installments of principal and interest; and

That subsequent thereto by Assignment of Mortgage of Real Estate, dated September 17, 1969, Diversified Mortgage and Investment Company assigned said mortgage note and mortgage to the Federal National Mortgage Association, which Association, on Newember 2, 1971 assigned said mortgage note and mortgage to the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, Washington, D. C.

The Court further finds that the defendants, Kenneth N. Mitchell and Diane L. Mitchell, made default under the terms of the aforesaid more gage note by reason of their failure to make monthly installments due thereon for more than 12 months last past, which default has continued and that by reason thereof the abovenamed defendants are now indebted to the plaintiff in the sum of \$13,658.24 as unpaid principal, with interest thereon at the rate of 7 1/2 per cent interest per annum from June 1, 1972, until paid, plus the cost of this action accrued and accruing, plus any additional sums advanced or expended during this foreclosure action for taxes, insurance, abstracting or sums for the preservation of subject property.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the plaintiff have and recover judgment against defendants, Fenneth N. Mitchell and Diane L. Mitchell, for the sum of \$13,658.24 with interest thereon at the rate of 7 1/2 per cent per annum from June 1 1972, plus the cost of this action accrued and accruing, plus any additional sums advanced or to be advanced or expended during this foreclosure action by plaintiff for taxes, insurance, abstracting, or sums for the preservation of the subject property.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that upon the failure of said defendants to satisfy plaintiff's money judgment

herein, an Order of Sale shall be issued to the United States Mare' for the Northern District of Oklahoma, commanding him to advertise and sell, with appraisement the real property and apply the proceeds thereof in satisfaction of plaintiff's judgment. The residue, if any, to be deposited with the Clerk of the Court to await further order of the Court.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that from and after the sale of said property, under and by virtue of this judgard and decree, all of the defendants and each of them and all persons claiming under them since the filing of the complaint herein be and they are forever barred and foreclosed of any right, title, interest or claim in or to the real property or any part thereof.

United States District Judge

APPROVED.

ROBERT P. SANTEE

the to the thing.

Assistant United States Attorney

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE NORTH IN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

JO ANN MILLER, an individual,
and as mother and next of kin
of BETTY JANE MILLER, and
DEBRA KAY MILLER, minors, and
JO ANN MILLER, as executrix of
the estate of JOEL DAVID
MILLER,

Plaintiffs,

Plaintiffs,

NO. 72-C-383

vs.

D. H. McJUNKIN PRODUCE CO. INC.,
A corporation, FANCIR'S AND
SHIPPER'S CO. of NEW YORK, a

A corporation, FAMILY R'S AND
SHIPPER'S CO. of NEW YORK, a
corporation; and BILLY GEORGE
HIGGS, an individual, TRANSCOLD
EXPRESS CO. INC., a corporation,
AMERICAN CASUALTY CO., of Reading,
Pennsylvania, a corporation,

Defendants.

FILE D
APR 1 1 1973 1

Jack C. Silver, Clerk
U. S. DISTRICT COURT

ORDER OF DISMISSAL

ON this // day of April, 1973, upon the written application of the parties for a Dismissal with Prejudice of the Complaint and Cross-Complaint and all causes of action, the Court having examined said application, finds that said parties have entered into a compromise settlement covering all claims involved in the Complaint and Cross-Complaint and have requested the Court to dismiss said Complaint and Cross-Complaint with prejudice to any future action, and the Court being fully wised in the premises, finds that said Complaint and Cross-Complaint should be dismissed pursuant to said application.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED by the Court that the Complaint and Cross-Complaint and all causes of action of the plaintiffs filed herein against the defendants be and the same hereby is dismissed with prejudice to any future action.

JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

APPROVAL:

OLIVER & EVANS

By: gary of . (C

Attorney for the Plaintiffs

ALFRED B. KNIGHT & THOMAS B. BURKE

Attorney for the Defendants, D. H. McJunkin Produce Co., Inc., a corporation, Banker's & Shipper's Co. of New York, a corporation; and Billy George Higgs, an individual

RUCKER, TABOR, McBRIDE & HOPKINS

Attorney for the Defendants, Transcold Express Co., Inc., a corporation, American Casualty Co., of Reading, Pennsylvania,

a corporation

JESSIE JAMES HAYNES,)	
Petitioner,)	FILED
vs.	72-C-379	APR 111973
STATE OF OKLAHOMA, Respondent.))	Jack C. Silver, Clerk U. S. DISTRICT COURT
Respondent.	,	U. S. DISTRICT COURT

ORDER

THE COURT, having examined the files herein and the Initial Report of the United States Magistrate concerning the same and being fully advised in the premises, FINDS:

- 1. That the Court lacks jurisdiction of this matter under the provisions of U.S.C. Title 28 § 1332.
- 2. The Court further finds that under the provisions of Rule 42 of Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, respondent's application to consolidate should be denied.

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED:

- 1. That this case is dismissed for lack of jurisdiction under the provisions of U.S.C. Title 28 § 1332.
 - 2. That respondent's motion for consolidation is denied.
- 3. That a copy of this Order be mailed by the Clerk of this Court to the petitioner together with a copy of the Initial Report of the United States Magistrate.
- 4. That a copy of this Order be mailed by the Clerk of this Court to the respondent by mailing the same to the Attorney General of the State of Oklahoma, together with a copy of the Initial Report of the United States Magistrate.

Dated	this	11-4	day	of	april,	1973.
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CHIEF JUDGE, UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA.

JESSIE JAMES HAYNES,)	
Petitioner,)	
vs.)	72-C-380
AUTHORITIES IN AND FOR THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA,)	FILE D APR 111973
Respondents.)	Jack C. Silver, Clerk U. S. DISTRICT COURT
	ORDER	o. o. piotitioi occiti

THE COURT, having examined the files herein and the Initial Report of the United States Magistrate concerning the same and being fully advised in the premises, FINDS:

- 1. That the Court lacks jurisdiction of this matter under the provisions of U.S.C. Title 28 § 1332.
- 2. The court further finds that under the provisions of Rule 42 of Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, respondent's application to consolidate should be denied.

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED:

- 1. That this case is dismissed for lack of jurisdiction under the provisions of U.S.C. Title 28 § 1332.
 - 2. That respondent's motion for consolidation is denied.
- 3. That a copy of this Order be mailed by the Clerk of this Court to the petitioner together with a copy of the Initial Report of the United States Magistrate.
- 4. That a copy of this Order be mailed by the Clerk of this Court to the respondent by mailing the same to the Attorney General of the State of Oklahoma, together with a copy of the Initial Report of the United States Magistrate.

Dated this	11 day of	lipil	, 1973.
	6.3		

CHIEF JUDGE, UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA.

JESSIE JAMES HAYNES,)	
Petitioner,))	
vs.)	72-C-449F L E D
STATE OF OKLAHOMA, ET AL,)	APR 1 1 1973
Respondents.)	Jack C. Silver, Clerk U. S. DISTRICT COURT
	ORDER	of of plothiot bookt

THE COURT, having examined the files herein and the Initial Report of the United States Magistrate concerning the same and being fully advised in the premises, FINDS:

- 1. The petition herein does not contain any federal habeas corpus allegation nor does it state facts which would require or justify an evidentiary hearing.
- 2. The prayer for relief as stated in petition is without merit and does not comply with the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202.
- 3. That respondent's application to consolidate does not comply with the provisions of Rule 42 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED:

- 1. The case is dismissed.
- 2. Respondent's motion for consolidation is denied.
- 3. That a copy of this Order be mailed by the Clerk of this Court to the petitioner together with a copy of the Initial Report of the United States Magistrate.
- 4. That a copy of this Order be mailed by the Clerk of this Court to the respondent by mailing the same to the Attorney General of the State of Oklahoma, together with a copy of the Initial Report of the United States Magistrate.

Dated this	day of	april	, 1973.
		E - 3	

CHIEF JUDGE, UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA.

JESSIE JAMES HAYNES,)	
Plaintiff,)	
vs.)))	73-c-77 FILE D APR 1 1 1973
PHILLIPS BRECKINRIDGE,)	Jack C. Silver, Clerk
Defendant.)	U. S. DISTRICT COURT
	OPPED	

ORDER

THE COURT, having examined the files herein and the Initial Report of the United States Magistrate concerning the same and being fully advised in the premises, FINDS:

- 1. That the Court lacks jurisdiction of this matter under the provisions of U.S.C. Title 28 § 1332.
 - 2. The motion to dismiss of defendant should be sustained. IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED:
- 1. That defendants motion to dismiss is sustained and the case is dismissed for lack of jurisdiction under the provisions of U.S.C. Title 28, § 1332.
- 2. That a copy of this Order be mailed by the Clerk of this Court to the plaintiff together with a copy of the Initial Report of the United States Magistrate.
- 3. That a copy of this Order be mailed by the Clerk of this Court to the defendant together with a copy of the Initial Report of the United States Magistrate.

Dated this 11th day of Cipal, 1973.

CHIEF JUDGE, UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA.

UNION OIL COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA, a corporation,

L. B. JACKSON COMPANY, a corpora-

Plaintiff,

vs.

tion,

Case No. 72-C-55

FILED

APR 1 1 1973

Jack C. Silver, Clerk
U. S. DISTRICT COURT

Defendant.)

ORDER OF DISMISSAL

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED, that the cause of action set forth in the Complaint and cause of action set forth in the Cross Complaint be and they are hereby dismissed with prejudice to further cause of action. Each of the parties are to bear the respective costs incurred including attorney fees.

lean Co. Lanen

Allen E. Barrow, United States Judge for the Northern District of Oklahoma

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

WATSON, McKENZIE & KIMBALL

В У ...

H.-B. Watson, Jr. Attorneys for Plaintiff

SNEED AND WADDEL

James C. Lang Attorneys for Defendant

HIGHLAND	PARK	ASSOCIATION,	INC.,)			
		Plair	ntiff,)			
	vs.)	Civil	No.	71-C-138

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Defendant.

FILED

APR 1 1 1973

ORDER DISMISSING

Jack C. Silver, Clork U. S. DISTRICT COURT

The Court has for consideration the Stipulation of Dismissal signed by all parties to this litigation, and, being fully advised in the premises, finds:

That said cause of action and complaint should be dismissed with prejudice, each party to bear its own costs.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that the cause of action and complaint be and the same is hereby dismissed.

ENTERED this // day of Grand Co. 1973.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

JESSIE JAMES HAYN	NES,)	
	Plaintiff,))	
vs.)	73-C-49 FILED
ROBERT D. SIMMS,)	APR 111973 Jun
	Defendant.)	Jack C. Silver, Clerk U. S. DISTRICT COURT
		ORDER	

THE COURT, having examined the files herein and the Initial Report of the United States Magistrate concerning the same and being fully advised in the premises, FINDS:

- 1. That the Court lacks jurisdiction of this matter under the provisions of U.S.C. Title 28 § 1332.
- 2. The Court further finds that under the provisions of Rule 42 of Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, defendant's application to consolidate should be denied.

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED:

- 1. That his case is dismissed for lack of jurisdiction under the provisions of U.S.C. Title 28 § 1332.
 - 2. That defendant's motion for consolidation is denied.
- 3. That copy of this Order be mailed by the Clerk of this Court to the plaintiff together with a copy of the Initial Report of the United States Magistrate.
- 4. That a copy of this Order be mailed by the Clerk of this Court to the defendant by mailing the same to the Attorney General of the State of Oklahoma, together with a copy of the Initial Report of the United States Magistrate.

Dated	this	_11 th	day	of	Cipail.	1973.
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CHIEF JUDGE, UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA.

FILED

	IN THE	UNITED S	TATES DIST	FRICT	COURT FO	R THE	WE 1 1 1973 V
		NORTHERN	DISTRICT	OF OF	KLAHOMA	Jaci	k C. Silver, Clerk
JESUS	ERASMO-MUNOZ,)	U.S.	DISTRICT COURT
			Movar	nt,)		
vs.					;	NO.	73-C-92\
UNITED	STATES OF AMERI	CA,)		
			Respo	ndent	;,)		

ORDER

The Court has for consideration the Motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2255 of Jesus Erasmo-Munoz alleging incompetency of counsel because of said counsel's failure to seek the Court's leniency at sentencing of the defendant.

The Court finds that the Court was fully apprised by the presentence report regarding the defendant, known to the defendant and his attorney. The Court further finds, upon clear recollection of the proceedings challenged, that the defense attorney was in no way incompetent or ineffective, and that the § 2255 motion should be overruled without response or hearing.

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED that the § 2255 motion of Jesus Erasmo-Munoz be and it is hereby overruled and the cause is denied and dismissed.

Dated this //d day of April, 1973, at Tulsa, Oklahoma.

CHIEF JUDGE, UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)
Plaintiff,) CIVIL ACTION NO. 71-C-232
VS.)
) Tract No. 2001ME
1,068.96 ACRES OF LAND, MORE OR)
LESS, SITUATE IN OSAGE AND KAY)
COUNTIES, STATE OF OKLAHOMA;)
AND OSAGE TRIBE OF INDIANS,)
ET AL., AND UNKNOWN OWNERS,)
)
Defendants.)

JUDGMENT OF REVESTMENT AND ORDER OF DISMISSAL

On this <u>/C</u> day of April, 1973, there came on to be heard the Stipulation for Revestment of Title and Joint Motion for Dismissal of the Plaintiff, United States of America, and the Defendant, Osage Tribe of Indians and the Court finds that:

- 1. This action was instituted by Plaintiff filing a Complaint and Declaration of Taking on June 23, 1971, and simultaneously therewith depositing \$19,135.00 in the Registry of the Court as estimated compensation for the estate taken as described in said Complaint; therefore, title to said estate vested in Plaintiff as of June 23, 1971.
- This Court entered an Order of Possession on June
 1971, giving Plaintiff possession of said estate.
- 3. The entire estate taken by this action was owned by The Osage Tribe of Indians on the date of taking which was June 23, 1971.
- 4. This action was filed prematurely for the reasons set forth in the Stipulation of the Parties and title to the entire estate taken should be revested in the Osage Tribe of Indians and the Order of Possession previously entered herein should be vacated.
- 5. The \$19,135.00 deposited in the Registry of this Court by Plaintiff should be returned to the Treasurer of the United States of America.

6. This Civil Action should be dismissed without prejudice to Plaintiff filing it again in the future.

The Court is of the opinion that Judgment should be entered upon said Stipulation for Revestment of Title and the Joint Motion of the parties to dismiss this action should be granted.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED BY THE COURT that the Order of Possession entered herein on June 25, 1971, be and it is hereby vacated; that title to the entire estate taken by Plaintiff herein be and it is hereby revested in Defendant, the Osage Tribe of Indians; that Plaintiff be and is hereby held harmless for any damages suffered by Defendant in connection with or arising out of Plaintiff's ownership or possession of the property described herein from June 23, 1971 to the date of the filing of this Judgment; and, that the Clerk of this Court is hereby ordered to return the \$19,135.00 deposited in the Registry of this Court by Plaintiff as estimated compensation for the estate taken herein to the Treasurer of the United States of America.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED BY THE COURT that this Civil Action be and it is hereby dismissed without prejudice to Plaintiff filing it again in the future.

UNITED STATES DISTRUCT JUDGE

APPROVED:

JACK M. SHORT

Assistant United States Attorney

Attorney for Plaintiff

SAM E. TAYLOR

Office of the Regional Solicitor

Attorney for Defendant.

United States of America,

Plaintiff,

vs.

20.00 Acres of Land, More or Less, Situate in Nowata County, State of Oklahoma, and E. C. Lawson, et al., and Unknown Owners,

Defendants.

CIVIL ACTION NO. 70-C-109

Tract No. 838M

(Lessor Interest Only)

JUDGMENT

1.

NOW, on this ____ day of April, 1973, this matter comes on for disposition on application of the Plaintiff, United States of America, for entry of judgment fixing just compensation in this matter. After having examined the files in this action and being advised by counsel, the Court finds:

2.

This judgment applies only to the lessor interest in the estate condemned in Tract No. 838M, as such estate and tract are described in the Complaint filed in this action.

3.

The Court has jurisdiction of the parties and the subject matter of this action.

4.

Service of Process has been perfected either personally or by publication notice, as provided by Rule 71A of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, on all parties defendant in this cause who are interested in subject property.

5.

The Acts of Congress set out in paragraph 2 of the Complaint filed herein give the United States of America the right, power and authority to condemn for public use the property described above in paragraph 2. Pursuant thereto, on

April 13, 1970, the United States of America filed its Declaration of Taking of such property, and title thereto should be vested in the United States of America, as of the date of filing such instrument.

6.

Simultaneously with filing the Declaration of Taking, there was deposited in the Registry of this Court as estimated compensation for the lessor interest in the estate taken in the subject tract a certain sum of money, and none of this deposit has been disbursed, as set out below in paragraph 11.

7.

A pre-trial hearing in this case was set by the Court for March 20, 1973. Due notice of such hearing was given to all of the parties. The Plaintiff, United States of America, appeared at such hearing by Hubert A. Marlow, Assistant United States Attorney for the Northern District of Oklahoma. The owners of the subject property did not appear, nor did any attorney appear for them.

8.

The Court has been advised by counsel for Plaintiff that in the event of a trial, Plaintiff's evidence would show that \$120.00 was the value of the lessor interest in the estate taken in this case. This sum is based upon an appraisal made by J. M. Wanenmacher; and, no objection having been made by the owners, such sum should be adopted as the award of just compensation for the lessor interest.

9.

The defendants named in paragraph 11 as owners of the lessor interest in the estate taken in the subject tract are the only defendants asserting any interest in such property. All other defendants having either disclaimed or defaulted, the named defendants are the owners of such property, as of the date of taking and, as such, are entitled to receive the just compensation awarded by this Judgment.

10.

It Is, Therefore, ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the United States of America has the right, power and authority to condemn for public use the subject tract, as such tract is described in the Complaint filed herein, and such property, to the extent of the lessor interest in the estate described in such Complaint, is condemned, and title thereto is vested in the United States of America, as of April 13, 1970, and all defendants herein and all other persons are forever barred from asserting any claim to such interest.

11.

It Is Further ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that on the date of taking in this case, the owners of the subject property were the defendants whose names appear in the schedule below and the right to receive the just compensation awarded by this judgment is vested in the parties so named. The sum of \$120.00 hereby is adopted as the award of just compensation for the lessor interest in the estate herein taken in subject tract, as set out in the schedule which follows, to-wit:

TRACT NO. 838M (Lessor Interest Only)

Owners of lessor interest:

Lawson Petroleum Company 1/8	
Edward Campbell Lawson, Jr 7/32	
Eugene Kistler Lawson 7/32	
Alice Kistler Willard 7/32	
Patricia Lawson Gow 7/32	
Award of just compensation for lessor interest pursuant to Court's findings \$120.00	\$120.00
Deposited as estimated compensation for lessor interest \$120.00	
Disbursed to owners	None
Balance due to owners	\$120.00

It Is Further ORDERED that the Clerk of this Court now shall disburse from the deposit for the subject tract certain sums as follows:

Lawson Petroleum Company	\$15.00
Edward Campbell Lawson, Jr	\$26.25
Eugene Kistler Lawson	\$26.25
Alice Kistler Willard	\$26.25
Patricia Lawson Gow	\$26.25

APPROVED:

HUBERT A. MARLOW
Assistant United States Attorney

United States of America,

Plaintiff,

vs.

20.00 Acres of Land, More or Less, Situate in Nowata County, State of Oklahoma, and Ralph L. Hall, et al., and Unknown Owners,

CIVIL ACTION NO. 70-C-108

Tract No. 836M

(Lessor Interest Only)

Defendants.

APK V- MIS

JUDGMENT

1.

Jack G. Shwer, Clock
U. S. DISTRICT COURT

NOW, on this 9 day of April, 1973, this matter comes on for disposition on application of the Plaintiff, United States of America, for entry of judgment fixing just compensation in this matter. After having examined the files in this action and being advised by counsel, the Court finds:

2.

This judgment applies only to the lessor interest in the estate condemned in Tract No. 836M, as such estate and tract are described in the Complaint filed in this action.

3.

The Court has jurisdiction of the parties and the subject matter of this action.

4.

Service of Process has been perfected either personally or by publication notice, as provided by Rule 71A of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, on all parties defendant in this cause who are interested in subject property.

5.

The Acts of Congress set out in paragraph 2 of the Complaint filed herein give the United States of America the right, power and authority to condemn for public use the property described above in paragraph 2. Pursuant thereto, on

April 13, 1970, the United States of America filed its Declaration of Taking of such property, and title thereto should be vested in the United States of America, as of the date of filing such instrument.

6.

Simultaneously with filing the Declaration of Taking, there was deposited in the Registry of this Court as estimated Compensation for the lessor interest in the estate taken in the subject tract a certain sum of money, and none of this deposit has been disbursed, as set out below in paragraph 11.

7.

A pre-trial hearing in this case was set by the Court for March 20, 1973. Due notice of such hearing was given to all of the parties. The Plaintiff, United States of America, appeared at such hearing by Hubert A. Marlow, Assistant United States Attorney for the Northern District of Oklahoma. The owners of the subject property did not appear, nor did any attorney appear for them.

8.

The Court has been advised by counsel for Plaintiff that in the event of a trial, Plaintiff's evidence would show that \$120.00 was the value of the lessor interest in the estate taken in this case. This sum is based upon an appraisal made by J. M. Wanenmacher; and, no objection having been made by the owners, such sum should be adopted as the award of just compensation for the lessor interest.

9.

The defendants named in paragraph 11 as owners of the lessor interest in the estate taken in the subject tract are the only defendants asserting any interest in such property. All other defendants having either disclaimed or defaulted, the named defendants are the owners of such property, as of the date of taking and, as such, are entitled to receive the just compensation awarded by this Judgment.

It Is, Therefore, ORDIRED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the United States of America has the right, power and authority to condemn for public use the subject tract, as such tract is described in the Complaint filed herein, and such property, to the extent of the lessor interest in the estate described in such Complaint, is condemned, and title thereto is vested in the United States of America, as of April 13, 1970, and all defendants herein and all other persons are forever barred from asserting any claim to such interest.

11.

It Is Further ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that on the date of taking in this case, the owners of the subject property were the defendants whose names appear in the schedule below and the right to receive the just compensation awarded by this judgment is vested in the parties so named. The sum of \$120.00 hereby is adopted as the award of just compensation for the lessor interest in the estate herein taken in subject tract, as set out in the schedule which follows, to-wit:

TRACT NO. 836M (Lessor interest only)

Owners of lessor interest: Ralph L. Hall ----- life estate and 1/3 remainder Glen C. Hall Dean A. Hall)---- 2/3 remainder Erna Burt Ione Fabro Louis Rodeck Note: As owner of the life estate, Ralph L. Hall is entitled to receive the full award for this interest. Award of just compensation for lessor interest pursuant to Court's findings ----- \$120.00 \$120.00 Deposited as estimated compensation for lessor interest ----- \$120.00 Disbursed to owners ----- None

Balance due to Ralph L. Hall ----- \$120.00

12.

It Is Further ORDERED that the Clerk of this Court now shall disburse from the deposit for the subject tract as follows;

To - Ralph L. Hall ----- \$120.00.

/s/ Allen E. Barrow

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

APPROVED:

/s/ Hubert A. Marlow

HUBERT A. MARLOW Assistant United States Attorney

United States of America, Plaintiff, vs. CIVIL ACTION NO. 70-C-114 20.00 Acres of Land, More Tract No. 1133M or Less, Situate in Nowata County, State of Oklahoma, (Lessor Interest Only) and Florence Hutchison, et al., and Unknown Owners, FILED Defendants. (APR 9 1973 JUDGMENT Jack C. Silver, Clurk U. S. DISTRIOT COUNT

NOW, on this <u>9</u> day of April, 1973, this matter comes on for disposition on application of the Plaintiff, United States of America, for entry of judgment fixing just compensation in this matter. After having examined the files in this action and being advised by counsel, the Court finds:

2.

This judgment applies only to the lessor interest in the estate condemned in Tract No. 1133M, as such estate and tract are described in the Complaint filed in this action.

3.

The Court has jurisdiction of the parties and the subject matter of this action.

4 .

Service of Process has been perfected either personally or by publication notice, as provided by Rule 71A of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, on all parties defendant in this cause who are interested in subject property.

5.

The Acts of Congress set out in paragraph 2 of the Complaint filed herein give the United States of America the right, power and authority to condemn for public use the property described above in paragraph 2. Pursuant thereto, on

April 13, 1970, the United States of America filed its Declaration of Taking of such property, and title thereto should be vested in the United States of America, as of the date of filing such instrument.

6.

Simultaneously with filing the Declaration of Taking, there was deposited in the Registry of this Court as estimated compensation for the lessor interest in the estate taken in the subject tract a certain sum of money, and none of this deposit has been disbursed, as set out below in paragraph 11.

7.

A pre-trial hearing in this case was set by the Court for March 20, 1973. Due notice of such hearing was given to all of the parties. The Plaintiff, United States of America, appeared at such hearing by Hubert A. Marlow, Assistant United States Attorney for the Northern District of Oklahoma. The owners of the subject property did not appear, nor did any attorney appear for them.

8.

The Court has been advised by counsel for Plaintiff that in the event of a trial, Plaintiff's evidence would show that \$305.00 was the value of the lessor interest in the estate taken in this case. This sum is based upon an appraisal made by J. M. Wanenmacher; and, no objection having been made by the owners, such sum should be adopted as the award of just compensation for the lessor interest.

9.

The defendants named in paragraph 11 as owners of the lessor interest in the estate taken in the subject tract are the only defendants asserting any interest in such property. All other defendants having either disclaimed or defaulted, the named defendants are the owners of such property, as of the date of taking and, as such, are entitled to receive the just compensation awarded by this Judgment.

It Is, Therefore, ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the United States of America has the right, power and authority to condemn for public use the subject tract, as such tract is described in the Complaint filed herein, and such property, to the extent of the lessor interest in the estate described in such Complaint, is condemned, and title thereto is vested in the United States of America, as of April 13, 1970, and all defendants herein and all other persons are forever barred from asserting any claim to such interest.

11.

It Is Further ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that on the date of taking in this case, the owners of the subject property were the defendants whose names appear in the schedule below and the right to receive the just compensation awarded by this judgment is vested in the parties so named. The sum of \$305.00 hereby is adopted as the award of just compensation for the lessor interest in the estate herein taken in subject tract, as set out in the schedule which follows, to-wit:

TRACT NO. 1133M (Lessor interest only)

Owners of lessor interest:

Florence Hutchison 5/16
O. C. Hutchison 5/16
Leora B. Thomas 5/16
DuWayne Hutchison 1/32
Glen Hutchison 1/32
Award of just compensation for lessor interest, pursuant to Court's findings \$305.00 \$305.00
Deposited as estimated compen-
sation for lessor interest\$305.00
Disbursed to owners None
Balance due to owners \$305.00

It Is Further ORDERED that the Clerk of this Court now shall disburse from the deposit for the subject tract certain sums as follows:

To - Florence Hutchison ----- \$95.31

O. C. Hutchison ----- \$95.31

Leora B. Thomas ----- \$95.31

DuWayne Hutchison ----- \$9.54

13.

It Is Further ORDERED that the share of the award due to Glen Hutchison shall not be disbursed at the present time because the address of said defendant is now unknown. When said defendant is located the Court will enter an appropriate order of disbursal in the amount of \$9.53.

In the event that the balance due to such defendant remains on deposit for a period of five years from the date of filing this Judgment, then, after that period, the Clerk of this Court, without further order shall disburse the balance on deposit for the lessor interest in the subject tract to the Treasurer of the United States of America, pursuant to the provisions of Title 28, Section 2042, U.S.C.

/s/ Allen E. Barrow

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

APPROVED:

/S/ Hubert A. Marlow

HUBERT A. MARLOW Assistant United States Attorney

United States of America,

Plaintiff,

CIVIL ACTION NO. 71-C-190

Vs.

Tract No. 1611M

10.00 Acres of Land, More
or Less, Situate in Nowata
County, State of Oklahoma,
and Thomas K. Allen, et al.,
and Unknown Owners,

Defendants.

Defendants.

JUDGMENT

ı.

Jack C. Silver. Clock U. S. DISTRICT COOM

NOW, on this <u>9</u> day of April, 1973, this matter comes on for disposition on application of the Plaintiff, United States of America, for entry of judgment fixing just compensation in this matter. After having examined the files in this action and being advised by counsel, the Court finds:

2.

This judgment applies to 1/2 of the lessor interest only in the estate condemned in Tract No. 1611M, as such estate and tract are described in the Complaint filed in this action.

з.

The Court has jurisdiction of the parties and the subject matter of this action.

4.

Service of Process has been perfected either personally or by publication notice, as provided by Rule 71A of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, on all parties defendant in this cause, who are interested in subject property.

5.

The Acts of Congress set out in paragraph 2 of the Complaint filed herein give the United States of America the right, power and authority to condemn for public use the property described above in paragraph 2. Pursuant thereto, on June 1, 1971, the United States of America filed its Declaration of Taking of such property, and title thereto should be vested in the United States of America, as of the date of filing such instrument.

6.

Simultaneously with filing the Declaration of Taking, there was deposited in the Registry of this Court as estimated

compensation for 1/2 of the lessor interest only in the estate taken in the subject tract a certain sum of money, and none of this deposit has been disbursed, as set out below in paragraph 11.

7.

A pre-trial hearing in this case was set by the Court for March 27, 1973. Due notice of such hearing was given to all of the parties. The Plaintiff, United States of America, appeared at such hearing by Hubert A. Marlow, Assistant United States Attorney for the Northern District of Oklahoma. James W. Allen and Thomas K. Allen appeared in person. No other defendants appeared either in person or by attorney.

Я.

The Court has been advised by counsel for Plaintiff that in the event of a trial, Plaintiff's evidence would show that \$30.00 was the value of 1/2 of the lessor interest only in the estate taken in this case. This sum is based upon an appraisal made by J. M. Wanenmacher; and, the owners who appeared at the pre-trial are willing to accept such sum as compensation. Therefore, such sum should be adopted as the award of just compensation for subject interest.

9.

The defendants named in paragraph 11 as owners of 1/2 of the lessor interest in the estate taken in the subject tract are the only defendants asserting any interest in such property. All other defendants having either disclaimed or defaulted, the named defendants are the owners of such property, as of the date of taking and, as such, are entitled to receive the just compensation awarded by this judgment.

10.

It Is, Therefore, ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the United States of America has the right, power, and authority to condemn for public use the subject tract, as such tract is described in the Complaint filed herein, and 1/2 of the lessor interest in such property, to the extent of the estate described in the Complaint, is condemned, and title thereto is vested in the United States of America, as of June 1, 1971, and all defendants herein and all other persons are forever barred from asserting any claim to such estate.

11.

It Is Further ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that on the date of taking in this case, the owners of the subject property were the defendants whose names appear in the schedule below and the right to receive the just compensation awarded by this judgment

is vested in the parties so named. The sum of \$30.00 hereby is adopted as the award of just compensation for 1/2 of the lessor interest in the estate herein taken in subject tract, as set out in the schedule which follows, to-wit:

TRACT NO. 1611M (1/2 of Lessor Interest Only)

Owners:

James William Allen 1/2 Thomas Kinsworth Allen 1/2	
Award of just compensation \$30.00 Deposited as estimated compensation \$30.00	\$30.00
Disbursed to owners	None
Balance due to owners	\$30.00

12.

It Is Further ORDERED that the Clerk of this Court now shall disburse from the deposit for the subject tract as follows:

To - James William Allen ----- \$15.00 Thomas Kinsworth Allen ----- \$15.00

/s/ Allen E. Barrow

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

APPROVED:

/s/ Hubert A. Marlow

HUBERT A. MARLOW Assistant United States Attorney

United States of America,

Plaintiff,

vs.

38.61 Acres of Land, More or Less, Situate in Nowata County, State of Oklahoma, and James William Allen, et al, and Unknown Owners,

Defendants.

CIVIL ACTION NO. 71-C-205

Tract No. 1708M

(1/2 of Lessor Interest Only)

FILED

APR 9 1973

JUDGMENT

1.

Jack C. Silver, Olivi.
U. S. DISTRICT JOURN

NOW, on this _____ day of April, 1973, this matter comes on for disposition on application of the Plaintiff, United States of America, for entry of judgment fixing just compensation in this matter. After having examined the files in this action and being advised by counsel, the Court finds:

2.

This judgment applies to 1/2 of the lessor interest only in the estate condemned in Tract No. 1708M, as such estate and tract are described in the Complaint filed in this action.

3.

The Court has jurisdiction of the parties and the subject matter of this action.

4.

Service of Process has been perfected either personally or by publication notice, as provided by Rule 71A of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, on all parties defendant in this cause, who are interested in subject property.

5.

The Acts of Congress set out in paragraph 2 of the Complaint filed herein give the United States of America the right, power and authority to condemn for public use the property described above in paragraph 2. Pursuant thereto, on June 1, 1971, the United States of America filed its Declaration of Taking of such property, and title thereto should be vested in the United States of America, as of the date of filing such instrument.

6.

Simultaneously with filing the Declaration of Taking, there was deposited in the Registry of this Court as estimated

compensation for 1/2 of the lessor interest only in the estate taken in the subject tract a certain sum of money, and none of this deposit has been disbursed, as set out below in paragraph 11.

7.

A pre-trial hearing in this case was set by the Court for March 27, 1973. Due notice of such hearing was given to all of the parties. The Plaintiff, United States of America, appeared at such hearing by Hubert A. Marlow, Assistant United States Attorney for the Northern District of Oklahoma. James W. Allen and Thomas K. Allen appeared in person. No other defendants appeared either in person or by attorney.

8.

The Court has been advised by counsel for Plaintiff that in the event of a trial, Plaintiff's evidence would show that \$231.50 was the value of 1/2 of the lessor interest in the estate taken in this case. This sum is based upon an appraisal made by J. M. Wanenmacher; and, the owners who appeared at the pre-trial are willing to accept such sum as compensation. Therefore, such sum should be adopted as the award of just compensation for subject interest.

9.

The defendants named in paragraph 11 as owners of 1/2 of the lessor interest only in the estate taken in the subject tract are the only defendants asserting any interest in such property. All other defendants having either disclaimed or defaulted, the named defendants are the owners of such property, as of the date of taking and, as such, are entitled to receive the just compensation awarded by this judgment.

10.

It Is, Therefore, ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the United States of America has the right, power and authority to condemn for public use the subject tract, as such tract is described in the Complaint filed herein, and 1/2 of the lessor interest in such property, to the extent of the estate described in such Complaint, is condemned, and title thereto is vested in the United States of America, as of June 1, 1971, and all defendants herein and all other persons are forever barred from asserting any claim to such estate.

11.

It Is Further ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that on the date of taking in this case, the owners of the subject property were the defendants whose names appear in the schedule below and the right to receive the just compensation awarded by this judgment

is vested in the parties so named. The sum of \$231.50 hereby is adopted as the award of just compensation for 1/2 of the lessor interest in the estate herein taken in the subject tract, as set out in the schedule which follows, to-wit:

TRACT NO. 1708M (1/2 of Lessor Interest Only)

Owners:

James William Allen Thomas Kinsworth Allen		•	
Award of just compensation Deposited as estimated compensation			\$231.50
Disbursed to owners	* -		None
Balance due to owners	* TTO 16TO 16TO 16TO 16TO 16TO 16TO 16TO		\$231.50

12.

It Is Further ORDERED that the Clerk of this Court now shall disburse the deposit for the subject tract as follows:

To - James William Allen ----- \$115.75 Thomas Kinsworth Allen ----- \$115.75

18/ Ruen E. Berrow

APPROVED:

Assistant United States Attorney

UNITED STATES DISTPICT COURT

FOR THE NORTHEPN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

JAMES D. HODGSON, Secret United States Departm))
	Plaintiff) Civil Action
v.) No. 72-C-173
JANDEBEUR'S MOTOR COMPAN corporation, doing bu JANDEBEUR'S MOTORCYCL DOUGLAS B. JANDEBEUR,	siness as ES, and	APR 9 1973 Jack C. Silver, Clerk U. S. DISTRICT COURT

JUDGMENT

The defendants having agreed to the entry of this judgment without contest it is on motion of plaintiff and for cause shown:

ORDERED. ADJUDGED and DECREED that defendants, their officers, agents, servents, employees, and all other persons acting or claiming to act in their behalf and interest be, and they hereby are, permenently enjoined from violating the provisions of sections 15(a)(2) and 15(a)(5) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, (29 U.S.C. 201, et seq.) hereinafter referred to as the Act, in any of the following manners:

I

Defendants shall not, contrary to sections 6 and 15(a)(2) of the Act, employ any employee in an enterprise engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce, within the meaning of the Act, at rates of pay less than the rates specified in section 6 of the Act.

Defendants shall not, contrary to sections 7 and 15(a)(2) of the Act, employe any employee in an enterprise engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce, within the meaning of the Act, for a workweek longer than 40 hours, unless such employee receives compensation for his employment in excess of such hours at a rate not less than one and one-half times the regular rate at which he is employed.

III

Defendants shall not, contrary to sections 11(c) and 15(a)(5) of the Act, fail to make, keep and preserve adequate and accurate records of the persons employed by them and of the wages, hours, and other conditions and practices of employment maintained by them, as prescribed by regulations issued by the Administrator of the Employment Standards Administration, United States Department of Labor (29 U.S.C., Part 516).

Defendants have paid minimum wage and overtime compensation in the total amount of \$2687.16 which the parties agree, and the court so finds, is due under the Act to defendants' employees named in Exhibit A attached hereto in the amounts indicated.

ORDERED that plaintiff shall promptly proceed to make distribution of such unpaid wages in appropriate shares to those persons named in said judgment or to the legal representative of any deceased person so named. If after making reasonable and diligent efforts to disburse said unpaid wages

to the persons entitled thereto, plaintiff is unable to do so because of inability to locate a proper person, or because of a refusal to accept payment by any such person he shall, as provided in 28 U.S.C. 2041, deposit such unpaid funds with the Clerk of this Court accompanied by a list of the names, last known address, if any, and the amount due to each of said persons. Any of such funds may be withdrawn for payment to a person entitled thereto upon orders of this Court.

The costs of this action will be paid by the defendants.

DATED this 9 day of Cincil., 1973.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

Entry of this Judgment is hereby consented to:

Tom H. Gudgel, Jr.

Gudgel, Winn & Scott

Attorney for Defandants

Douglas B. Janasbeur

Defendant and President of

Defendant, Jandeheur's

Motor Company, Inc.

Plaintiff moves for the entry of the foregoing

judgment.

Richard F. Schubert

olicitor of Labor

George T. Avery

Regional Solicites

William E. Everheart

Attorney

Attorneys for JAMES D. HODGSON, Secretary of Labor, United States Department of Labor,

Plaintiff

Exhibit 'A"

Name		Amount Due
Λ. C. Barnes		185.83
Edgar Brown		166.62
Ron Cornelius		42.63
Harrell Daniel		32.32
Elsie Deaton		309.75
R. Deaton		268.24
John Dan DeLucca		65.65
Joe Driscoll		294.07
Bob Gower		44.23
Steve Hunt		5.58
Steve Kilmer		5.10
Gary Kirchmeyer		182.04
Steve Lightfoot		5.24
Bill Marrs		61.78
Ken McNulty	•	339.00
Jim Nunnally		68.92
Chris Pierce		13.88
John Profitt		10.00
R. D. Randle		36.24
Chuck Schlegel		62.20
Dan Walsh		32.95
Clarence Ward		111.95
Bob Ware		125.71
Jerry Willard		128.40
Ken Wright		88.83
То	tal	2,687.16

UNITED	STATES	OF	AMERICA,	

Plaintiff,

vs.

Civil Action No. 73-C-35

KENNETH N. MITCHELL, et al.,

Defendants.)

FILE D APR 9 - 1973

AFFIDAVIT FOR ENTRY OF DEFAULT BY CLERK

Jack C. Silver, Clerk U.S. DISTRICT COURT

STATE OF OKLAHOMA SS COUNTY OF TULSA

ROBERT P. SANTEE, Assistant U.S. Attorney, being duly sworn, says that he is attorney for the Plaintiff, United States of America, in the above entitled action; that personal service of Summons and Complaint was made on defendants, Kenneth N. Mitchell, Diane L. Mitchell, and Sears, Roebuck and Company, as reflected by the Marshal's Return of Service herein; that the debt owing to Sears, Roebuck and Company was discharged in bankruptcy; that Sears, Roebuck and Company has executed and mailed to the Tulsa County Clerk a termination of the Financing Statement listed in the Complaint and it no longer claims any right, title or interest in or to the premises being foreclosed; that the time within which the defendants, Kenneth N. Mitchell and Diane L. Mitchell, may answer or otherwise move as to the Complaint has expired; that defendants have not answered or otherwise moved, and that the time for defendants to answer or otherwise move has not been extended.

ROBERT P. SANTEE

Assistant United States Attorney

Subscribed and sworn to before me this $g \mathcal{A}$ day of

My commission expires:

May 26, 1975

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE L E D NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA APR 11/3

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

Vs.

Civil Action No. 73-C-28

ROBERT L. HORNE a/k/a ROBERT L.
HORN, ALBERTA J. HORNE, etal.,

Defendants.)

JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE

of April, 1973, the plaintiff appearing by Robert P. Santee, Assistant United States Attorney, and the defendants, Robert L. Horne a/k/a Robert L. Horn, Alberta J. Horne, Boulder Bank and Trust Company, Planned Credit Incorporated a/k/a Credit Plan Incorporation, and Postal Finance Company, appearing not.

The Court being fully advised and having examined the file herein finds that personal service of summons and complaint has been made on all the defendants, as appears from the Marshal's Returns of Service herein, and

It appearing that the said defendants have failed to answer herein and that default has been entered by the Clerk of this Court, with the exception of Boulder Bank & Trust Company which Company has filed its Disclaimer herein.

The Court further finds that this is a suit based upon a mortgage note and foreclosure on a real property mortgage securing said mortgage note and that the following described real property is located in Tulsa County, Oklahoma, within the Northern Judicial District of Oklahoma:

Lot Thirty-One (31), Block Forty-Five (45), VALLEY VIEW ACRES SECOND ADDITION to the City of Tulsa, Tulsa County, Oklahoma, according to the recorded plat thereof.

The Court further finds that the material allegations of plaintiff's Complaint are true and correct, and

THAT the defendants, Robert L. Horne a/k/a Robert L. Horn, and Alberta J. Horne, did, on December 9, 1966, execute and deliver to the Administrator of Veterans Affairs, his successors and assigns, their mortgage and mortgage note in the sum of \$10,500.00 with 6 per cent interest per annum, and further providing for the payment of monthly installments of principal and interest; and

The Court further finds that the defendants, Robert L. Horne a/k/a Robert L. Horn and Alberta J. Horne, made default under the terms of the aforesaid mortgage note by reason of their failure to make monthly installments due thereon for more than 12 months last past, which default has continued and that by reason thereof the above-named defendants are now indebted to the plaintiff in the sum of \$9,887.72 as unpaid principal, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent interest per annum from January 1, 1972, until paid, plus the cost of this action accrued and accruing, plus any additional sums advanced or expended during this foreclosure action by plaintiff for taxes, insurance, abstracting or sums for the preservation of subject property.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the plaintiff have and recover judgment against defendants, Robert L. Horne a/k/a Robert L. Horn and Alberta J. Horne, in rem, for the sum of \$9,887.72 with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from January 1, 1972, plus the cost of this action accrued and accruing, plus any additional sums advanced or to be advanced or expended during this foreclosure action by plaintiff for taxes, insurance, abstracting, or sums for the preservation of the subject property.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that upon the failure of said defendants to satisfy plaintiff's money judgment herein, an Order of Sale shall be issued to the United States Marshal

for the Northern District of Oklahoma, commanding him to advertise and sell, with appraisement the real property and apply the proceeds thereof in satisfaction of plaintiff's judgment. The residue, if any, to be deposited with the Clerk of the Court to await further order of the Court.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that from and after the sale of said property, under and by virtue of this judgment and decree, all of the defendants and each of them and all persons claiming under them since the filing of the complaint herein be and they are forever barred and foreclosed of any right, title, interest or claim in or to the real property or any part thereof.

United States District Judge

APPROVED.

ROBERT P. SANTEE

Assistant United States Attorney

ist fant

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FOR THE USE OF BRADEN INDUSTRIES, INC.,	
Plaintiff,) No. 72-C-391
-vs-	
HEMPHILL CORPORATION, a corporation, and UNITED STATES FIDELITY AND GUARANTY COMPANY, a corporation,	FILED
Defendants,	APR 6 1973
T. K. INTERNATIONAL INC.; W. C. KLINTWORTH; and R. G. TODD,	Jack C. Silver, Clerk U. S. DISTRICT COURT
Intervenors.)
DISMISSAL WITH PREJUDICE	-
COMES NOW the plaintiff and hereby d	ismisses the above
cause with prejudice.	
DATED this day of April, 197	3.
Attorney for P	laintiff
ORDER	
_ Permission to file Dismissal With Pr	ejudice in the
above styled matter is granted this 5 day	of april.
1072	<i>V</i>

Futher Bohanon United States District Judge

PRAY, SCOTT & LIVINGSTON 2800 Fourth National Bank Bldg. Tulsa, Oklahoma 74119 583-1366 IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

Plaintiffs,

Defendants.

	•	~	- January	N-may	
				1973	
NO. 72-C-32	Jaci 27 U. S.	k C. Dis	Silve T <mark>RIC</mark>	r, Clei T CO U	rk IRT
CONSOLIDA					
No. 72-C-	-328 v				

ORDER OF DISMISSAL

ON this day of CARCA, 1973, upon the written application of the parties for a Dismissal with Prejudice of the Complaint and Amendment to Complaint and all causes of action, the Court having examined said application; finds that said parties have entered into a compromise settlement covering all claims involved in the Complaint; and Amendment to Complaint; and have requested the Court to dismiss said Complaint; and Amendment to Complaint; with prejudice to any future action, and the Court being fully advised in the premises have consolidated finds that said Complaint; and Amendment to Complaint; should be dismissed pursuant to said applications.

that the Complaint and Amendment to Complaint and all causes of action

for the plaintiff filed herein against the defendant be and the same are

hereby to dismissed with prejudice to any future actions.

JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

APPROVAL:

JACK B. SELLERS ALLEN B. MITCHELL

REBECCA MAN JONES, and DONALD M. JONES,

TALL TEXAN COmpany, as

additional deft.

vs.

GEORGE BRILEY,

By: COR B. MITTER

Attorneys for the Plaintiff,

ALFRED B. KNIGHT

Attorney for the Defendant

Accorney.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE APK 5 1973

JESSE LOWE, JR., and JOYCE LOWE, Jack C. Silver, Clerk husband and wife,

Plaintiffs, Plaintiffs, No. 72-C-148

GULF MART OF TULSA, INC., a Delaware corporation, Defendant.

ORDER

The Court has for consideration the Plaintiffs' Motion to Remand this cause to the District Court of Creek County, State of Oklahoma, amendment thereto, and has reviewed the briefs in support of said motion and the brief of Defendant, Gulf Mart of Tulsa, Inc., in opposition to said motion.

The Court being fully informed in the premises finds that diversity jurisdiction is properly established in the Federal Court and the Motion to Remand should be overruled.

Further, the Court finds that both plaintiff and defendant seek the dismissal of Rex Hall as a party defendant in this cause, and that said Rex Hall should be dismissed as a party defendant.

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED that the Motion to Remand be and it is hereby overruled.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Rex Hall be and he is hereby dismissed as a party defendant.

Dated this 54 day of April, 1973, at Tulsa, Oklahoma.

CHIEF JUDGE, UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

United States of America,)
Plaintiff,))
vs.) CIVIL ACTION NO. 69-C-163
20.00 Acres of Land, More or Less, Situate in Rogers County, State of Oklahoma, and H. E. Wentworth, et al., and Unknown Owners,	Tract No. 437M E L E D APR 1973
Defendants.	Jack C. Siller College

ORDER VACATING JUDGMENT AS TO WORKING INTEREST

NOW, on this <u>3...</u> day of April, 1973, on the Court's own initiative, this matter comes on for consideration of the validity of the Judgment entered in this action on July 8, 1970. Having examined the files in this matter and being fully advised in the premises, the Court finds that:

The said Judgment, insofar as it applied to the working interest, was based upon a Commissioners' Report in which the Commissioners deducted plugging costs from the market value of the working interest in a producing oil and gas lease. Such action was contrary to the law as expressed in <u>United States v. 79.95 Acres of Land, etc., Rogers Co., Okl., 459 F2d 185, (10th Cir. 1972)</u>, and rendered said Report clearly erroneous as to the working interest. Therefore, the Judgment as to the working interest should be set aside.

It Is, Therefore, ORDERED that the Judgment entered in this case on July 8, 1970, as it applies to the award for the working interest and to the judgment against the former owners thereof, is hereby vacated and set aside.

It Is Further ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the award for the said working interest is hereby fixed at \$3,893.00.

/s/ Luther Bohanon
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

United States of America,	}
Plaintiff,	
vs.) CIVIL ACTION NO. 69-C-160
40.00 Acres of Land, More or Less, Situate in Rogers County, State of Oklahoma, and Glenn H. Chappell, et al., and Unknown Owners,	Tract No. 516M FILED APR 5 1973
Defendants.	Jack C. Silver, Clerk U. S. DISTRICT COURT

ORDER VACATING JUDGMENT AS TO WORKING INTEREST

NOW, on this Aday of April, 1973, on the Court's own initiative, this matter comes on for consideration of the validity of the Judgment entered in this action on July 8, 1970. Having examined the files in this matter and being fully advised in the premises, the Court finds that:

The said Judgment, insofar as it applied to the working interest, was based upon a Commissioners' Report in which the Commissioners deducted plugging costs from the market value of the working interest in a producing oil and gas lease. Such action was contrary to the law as expressed in <u>United States v. 79.95 Acres of Land, etc., Rogers Co., Okl., 459 F2d 185, (10th Cir. 1972), and rendered said Report clearly erroneous as to the working interest. Therefore, the Judgment as to the working interest should be set aside.</u>

It Is, Therefore, ORDERED that the Judgment entered in this case on July 8, 1970, as it applies to the award for the working interest and to the judgment against the former owners thereof, is hereby vacated and set aside.

It Is Further ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the award for the said working interest is hereby fixed at \$8,281.00.

/s/	Luther	Bohanon	
UNITED	STATES	DISTRICT	JUDGE

United States of America, Plaintiff, CIVIL ACTION NO. 69-C-161 vs.) Tracts Nos. 518M-1 and 140.00 Acres of Land, More or Less, Situate in Rogers County, State of Oklahoma, 518M-2 Para I L. E. E. and Victor Oil Corporation, et al., and Unknown Owners, MIR 1: 1973 Defendants. Jack C. Silver, Clock U. S. DISTRICT COURT

ORDER VACATING JUDG FIRST AS TO WORKING INTEREST

NOW, on this <u>3.1.</u> day of April, 1973, on the Court's own initiative, this matter comes on for consideration of the validity of the Judgment entered in this action on July 8, 1970. Having examined the files in this matter and being fully advised in the premises, the Court finds that:

The said Judgment, insofar as it applied to the working interest, was based upon a Commissioners' Report in which the Commissioners deducted plugging costs from the market value of the working interest in a producing oil and gas lease. Such action was contrary to the law as expressed in <u>United States v. 79.95 Acres of Land, etc., Rogers Co., Okl., 459 F2d 185, (10th Cir. 1972), and rendered said Report clearly erroneous as to the working interest. Therefore, the Judgment as to the working interest should be set aside.</u>

It Is, Therefore, ORDERED that the Judgment entered in this case on July 8, 1970, as it applies to the award for the working interest and to the judgment against the former owners thereof, is hereby vacated and set aside.

It Is Further ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the award for the said working interest is hereby fixed at \$9,948.00.

/s/ Luther Bohanon
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

United States of America,)
Plaintiff,	\
vs.	CIVIL ACTION NO. 69-C-162
27.50 Acres of Land, More or Less, Situate in Rogers) Tract No. 523M
County, State of Oklahoma, and Clifford L. House, et	
al., and Unknown Owners,	- }
Defendants.	Jr. G. Other, McA

ORDER VACATING JUDGMENT AS TO WORKING INTEREST

NOW, on this <u>St.</u> day of April, 1973, on the Court's own initiative, this matter comes on for consideration of the validity of the Judgment entered in this action on July 8, 1970. Having examined the files in this matter and being fully advised in the premises, the Court finds that:

The said Judgment, insofar as it applied to the working interest, was based upon a Commissioners' Report in which the Commissioners deducted plugging costs from the market value of the working interest in a producing oil and gas lease. Such action was contrary to the law as expressed in <u>United States v. 79.95 Acres of Land, etc., Rogers Co., Okl., 459 F2d 185, (10th Cir. 1972), and rendered said Report clearly erroneous as to the working interest. Therefore, the Judgment as to the working interest should be set aside.</u>

It Is, Therefore, ORDERED that the Judgment entered in this case on July 8, 1970, as it applies to the award for the working interest and to the judgment against the former owners thereof, is hereby vacated and set aside.

It Is Further ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that the award for the said working interest is hereby fixed at \$1,305.00.

/s/ Luther Bohanon
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

JESSIE JAMES HAYNES,)	
Petitioner,)	
vs.)	72-C-320
PARK J. ANDERSON, WARDEN, OKLAHOMA STATE PENITENTIARY,))	FILED APR b 1973
Respondent.)	APK 5 1973
	ORDER	Jack C. Silver, Clerk U. S. DISTRICT COURT

THE COURT, having examined the files and records of this proceeding, which include transcript of entry of plea of guilty in the District Court of Tulsa County, Oklahoma and the Second Report of the United States Magistrate concerning the same, and being fully advised in the premises, FINDS:

- The petitioner has exhausted the remedies available in the courts of the State of Oklahoma;
- 2. An evidentiary hearing is not required since the Petition filed herein and the records and files examined by the Court conclusively show that the petitioner is not entitled to relief and no factual issues are raised.

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED:

- 1. The Petition for Habeas Corpus filed herein is denied and the case dismissed.
- 2. That a copy of this Order be mailed by the Clerk of this Court to the petitioner, together with a copy of the Second Report of the United States Magistrate.
- 3. That the Clerk of this Court furnish to respondent a copy of this Order together with a copy of the Second Report of the United States Magistrate by mailing same to the Attorney General of the State of Oklahoma.

	3.	That	the	transcr	ipt	of j	proceeding	gs furni:	sheđ	by	the
responde	nt h	erein	be	returned	to	the	Attorney	General	of	the	State
of Oklah	oma	for fi	llin	g.							

Dated this 5th day of april , 1973.

CHIEF JUDGE, UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES, PIPELINE INDUSTRY BENEFIT FUND.

Plaintiff,

VS.

NO. 73-C-61

HARRELSON CONSTRUCTION & WELDING COMPANY,

Defendant.

JUDGMENT BY DEFAULT

Jack C. Silver, Clerk U. S. DISTRICT COURT

The Summons and the Complaint in the above entitled action, having been duly served on the defendant, and the defendant is in default for failure to appear in this action. and the plaintiff has filed a Motion for Default Judgment and an affidavit of the amount due; it is

ORDERED that judgment be entered in favor of the plaintiff above named, and against the defendant above named, in the sum of \$4,295.02, with interest thereon at the legal rate, attorney's fee in the amount of\$1,200.00, together with costs in the sum of \$18.00.

DATED at Tulsa, Oklahoma, this 5 day of april, 1973.

BY THE COURT:

JRTH MATIONAL BLDG. ULBA, OKLANOWA 74119

The United State of America, for the use and benefit of McAdams Pipe & Supply Co., a corporation,

Plaintiff,

EILED

APR 3 - 1973 1

-vs-

Jack C. Silver, Clerk
U. S. DISTRICT COURT

Hemphill Corporation and United States Fidelity & Guaranty Company, a corporation,

Defendants.)

No.

72-C-371

DISMISSAL

Comes now the plaintiff and by leave of Court first had and obtained, hereby dismisses the above styled and captioned action with prejudice to a future action.

ADAMS PER & SUPPLY CO.,

its President

LOEFFLER & ALLEN

Attorneys for Playntiff

LAW OFFICES

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& ALLEN
Bristow Office
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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

The United States of America, for the use and benefit of McAdams Pipe & Supply Co., a Corporation,

EILED

Plaintiff,

APR 3 - 1973

- ----

Jack C. Silver, Clerk U. S. DISTRICT COURT

-vs-

Hemphill Corporation and United States Fidelity & Guaranty Company, a Corporation,

No. 72-C-371

Defendants,

T K International, Inc.; W. C. Klintworth and R. G. Todd,

Intervenors.)

APPLICATION TO DISMISS COMPLAINT

Comes now McAdams Pipe & Supply Co., plaintiff herein, and asks leave of Court to dismiss its cause of action against the defendants and intervenors, and in support thereof shows to the Court that it has agreed to accept \$2,025.00 from the defendants and intervenors in full satisfaction of its cause of action against said parties; that said sum has been tendered to plaintiff by said defendants and intervenors; and that said settlement is a fair and reasonable settlement in the premises.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff moves the Court to grant it leave to dismiss its said cause of action against said parties with prejudice to a future action.

LOEFFLER & ALLEN

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Attorneys for Pyaintif

ORDER

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made in accordance with said proposed settlement:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that McAdams Pipe & Supply Co., plaintiff herein, be, and it is authorized to dismiss said action with prejudice to a future action, and said dismissal is hereby approved.

Judge of the United States
District Court

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA

FLORENCE HENRIE, ANNABELLE HENRIE FORREST, ELEANOR HENRIE EMMETT, LOLA MAE HENRIE THOMAS, WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN HENRIE II, and HOWARD HENRIE, successors of W. J. Bryan Henrie, D.O., deceased,

Plaintiffs.

and

DR. SARAH G. ALLISON, Ph.D., REV. JOHN B. WOLF, and DR. FRANK HLADKY, M.D.,

Intervenors,

vs.

THE HONORABLE LARRY DERRYBERRY,
Attorney General of the State of
Oklahoma, ROBERT GEE, District
Attorney for District 13, SAM
HARRIS, Assistant District Attorney in the County of Delaware,
District 13, and S. M. FALLIS, JR.,
District Attorney for District 14,
State of Oklahoma,

Defendants.

CIVIL ACTION

FILE NO. 70-C-211

FILED

APR 2 - 1973

Jack C. Silver, Clerk L. S. DISTRICT COURT

Pat Malloy, A. F. Ringold and Gene Mortenson, of Tulsa, Oklahoma, Attorneys for Plaintiffs and Intervening Plaintiffs.

Gary M. Bush, Assistant Attorney General (Honorable Larry Derryberry, Attorney General of Oklahoma, and Paul C. Duncan, Assistant Attorney General, with him on the briefs), for Defendant Larry Derryberry.

Andrew B. Allen, Tulsa, Oklahoma, Assistant District Attorney for District 14 (S. M. Fallis, Jr., Tulsa, Oklahoma, District Attorney for District 14, with him on the brief), for Defendant S. M. Fallis, Jr.

Ronald Stockwell appeared on behalf of Defendant Frank Grayson, formerly District Attorney for District 13.

Sam Harris, Assistant District Attorney in the County of Delaware, District 13, filed a supplemental brief.

Before HOLLOWAY, Circuit Judge, and BARROW, Chief Judge of the Northern District of Oklahoma, and EUBANKS, District Judge of the Western District of Oklahoma.

HOLLOWAY, Circuit Judge.

· MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER

	This	suit cha	allen	ges the	cons	stitu	ition	ali	ty of	the	Okla-
homa	crimi	inal abo	ction	statute	es ar	nd re	elate	d 1	aws.	We	have
withl	neld o	our decis	sion	pending	the	Supr	eme	Cou	rt op	inio	ns
in Ro	oe v.	Wade, _	·	v.s	,	and	Doe	v. :	Bolto	n, _	
บ. ร.		_,decideo	d on	January	22,	1973	3.				

Under these decisions we hold that the Oklahoma criminal abortion statutes appearing in 21 O.S. 1971 §§ 861 and 862, prohibiting procuring an abortion and submitting to or soliciting one to attempt abortion, are unconstitutional under the Fourteenth Amendment and grant declaratory relief as to their invalidity. We deny injunctive relief, being satisfied that it is unnecessary and inappropriate.

We do not hold invalid the Oklahoma criminal statute prohibiting the procuring of destruction of an unborn quick child, 21 O.S. 1971 § 714. Instead we feel there is a substantial possibility that the constitutionality of that statute may be preserved by an interpretation of it by the Oklahoma Courts which is permissible and in harmony with the Supreme Court decisions. In order that the State Courts may construe the State statute in the light of the recent Supreme Court decisions, we abstain from interpreting the statute and deciding its constitutionality.

Relief is sought against other statutes regulating professional conduct and declaring the procuring, aiding and abetting of a criminal abortion to be unprofessional.

See 59 O.S. 1971 §§ 503 and 509. Since the State Board and members thereof charged with enforcement of these statutes were not joined as parties, we conclude that there is no case or controversy between the parties before us concerning these statutes. Likewise we have no genuine case or controversy before us as to the validity of 21 O.S. 1971 §§ 713 or 863 which deal with wilful killing of a quick child by

injury to the mother and concealing the stillbirth or death of a child. Accordingly, we grant no relief as to these statutes.

Following trial to the three-judge court convened to hear this suit under 28 U.S.C. §§ 2281 et seq., we determined that we should withhold our decision until the Supreme Court's opinions in the abortion cases were rendered. We stayed our decision and notified the parties of this determination. On consideration of those opinions and briefs which the parties have subsequently submitted concerning them, we now enter this memorandum opinion and order which will serve as our findings of fact and conclusions of law under Rule 52 F.R.Civ. P., and our judgment.

The Parties, Standing and Justiciability

1. Intervenors Allison, Hladky and Wolf. This suit was originally commenced by W. J. Bryan Henrie, D.O., now deceased, seeking declaratory and injunctive relief against enforcement of various Oklahoma abortion statutes. Shortly thereafter the court permitted Sarah Allison, John B. Wolf and Frank Hladky to intervene and join the challenge to the constitutionality of the Oklahoma abortion statutes, for themselves and for others similarly situated.

Dr. Allison is a psychologist employed by the Tulsa Guidance Clinic and Tulsa County Juvenile Court. Dr. Hladky is a practicing psychiatrist and is the Director of the Tulsa Psychiatric Foundation. Reverend Wolf is the Minister of the All Souls Unitarian Church at Tulsa. We earlier determined that these intervenors could properly maintain their claims as class actions on behalf of themselves and others similarly situated.

The proof of the intervenors showed that there were continuing requests to them for consultation, advice and counsel by women who are pregnant and for various and serious reasons are concerned

about the advisability of bearing a child. Each of these parties desires to give advice on the possible option of abortion. Under the Oklahoma statutes restricting abortions, 21 O.S. 1971 §§ 861 and 862, the giving of such advice would subject each of these three parties to a very serious risk of criminal prosecution in the event that such advice led to the procurement of an abortion. And in the case of Dr. Hladky, the giving of such advice might well lead to the loss of his license to practice medicine in Oklahoma. See 59 O.S. 1971 §§ 503 and 509.

In asserting their challenges to 21 O.S. 1971 §§ 714, 861 and 862, the intervenors have a direct threat of personal detriment sufficient to demonstrate standing. Doe v. Bolton, supra at ____, slip opinion, p.8; Flast v. Cohen, 392 U.S. 83, 101. It is their interests that are presently at stake and not merely those of the general public. Moreover the dispute between the parties before us is presented in an adversary context and in a form historically viewed as capable of judicial resolution. Flast v. Cohen, supra at 101. Therefore we are satisfied that these intervenors have presented the court with an actual case or controversy under Article III of the federal constitution as to §§ 714, 861 and 862. Doe v. Bolton, supra at ____, slip opinion, p.7; cf. Eisenstadt v. Baird, 405 U.S. 438, 443.

We also believe these plaintiffs have demonstrated the proper standing to assert the rights of the pregnant women they wish to advise. The appropriate nexus is shown by the confidential relationship these intervenors share with the women they wish to counsel. Unless the intervenors may assert such rights, the rights of all concerned may be diluted or adversely affected. Griswold v. Connecticut, 381 U.S. 479, 481; see also Eisenstadt v. Baird, supra at 444-446; Barrows v. Jackson, 346 U.S. 249; Truax v. Raich, 239 U.S. 33.

We turn to the justiciability of the challenges to 59 O.S. 1971 §§ 503 and 509 regulating professional conduct. § 509 defines unprofessional conduct to include "procuring, aiding or abetting a criminal operation or abortion."

Coupled with § 503, this statute would permit the Oklahoma Board of Medical Examiners to revoke or suspend the license or certificate to practice of any physician or surgeon engaging in such conduct.

However, the responsibility of enforcement of the statutes is given to the Board of Examiners. Since the Board and its members who enforce these statutes are not joined as parties, the challenge to §§ 503 and 509 is not presented in an adversary context or in a form historically viewed as capable of judicial resolution. Flast v. Cohen, supra at 101. This dispute does not touch the legal relations of parties having the essential adverse legal interests for a justiciable controversy to be present. Aetna Life Insurance Co. v. Haworth, 300 U.S. 227, 241. Thus as to the challenge to the constitutionality of these statutes we do not have a proper case or controversy for federal jurisdiction under Article III. We conclude that we may not properly consider here the constitutionality of 59 O.S. 1971 §§ 503 and 509.

2. <u>Dr. Henrie.</u> The original plaintiff in this suit was at one time an osteopathic physician licensed and practicing in Oklahoma. In 1962 he was convicted, apparently under 21 O.S. 1971 § 861, of violating the Oklahoma criminal abortion laws. In addition to incarceration, he suffered the loss of his license to practice osteopathy.

Dr. Henrie died subsequent to the trial on the merits. His counsel have moved for substitution of his successors, named in the caption, under Rule 25, F.R.Civ.P. The motion is unopposed and the substitution of his successors is ordered.

While pending criminal proceedings must be abated in the Federal courts upon the death of the defendant, Durham v. United States, 401 U.S. 481; Epps v. United States, 401 U.S. 1006, this case involves a State conviction which became final

before the defendant's death. This subsequent suit which Dr.
Henrie instituted was collateral to his earlier State conviction that was already final. In such circumstances we feel that no injunctive or declaratory relief may be granted by this Federal court.

Declaratory judgments are not generally an appropriate means of attacking the validity of State convictions. See Shannon v. Sequeechi, 365 F.2d 827,829 (10th Cir.), cert. denied, 386 U.S. 481; Booker v. Arkansas, 380 F.2d 240,242 (8th Cir.); Morton v. Avery, 393 F.2d 138 (6th Cir.), cert. denied, 393 U.S. 892; United States ex rel. Bennett v. Illinois, 356 F.2d 878 (7th Cir.), cert. denied, 384 U.S. 946; see also Sepulveda v. Colorado, 335 F.2d 581 (10th Cir.). Since Dr. Henrie was under no restraint by incarceration, parole or otherwise, see Jones v. Cunningham, 371 U.S. 236, 239-240, at the time the action was commenced, we feel that the suit may not be treated properly as one for habeas relief, even as now expanded. See Carafas v. LaVallee, 391 U.S. 234.

It is true that where a sentence has been served and the person is no longer subject to restraint, in compelling circumstances relief in the nature of coram nobis may be given. E.g., United States v. Morgan, 346 U.S. 502; Ward v. United States, 381 F.2d 14 (10th Cir.); see also Casias v. United States, 421 F.2d 1233 (10th Cir.). However, such relief must be sought in the court which imposed the sentence. See Thomas v. Cunningham, 335 F.2d 67, 69 (4th Cir.); Madigan v. Wells, 224 F.2d 577, 578 n.2 (9th Cir.), cert. denied, 351 U.S. 911. Therefore coram nobis may not be used as a "collateral writ of error between the state and federal jurisdictions." Rivenburgh v.Utah, 299 F.2d 842,843(10th Cir.);

see also Blake v. Florida, 395 F.2d 758 (5th Cir.); Booker v. Arkansas, supra at 243-244.

In view of these limitations on our jurisdiction and the absence of any demonstrated adverse legal effect on the present parties, we conclude that we may not grant relief on the constitutional claims asserted by the successors of Dr. Henrie. St. Pierre v. United States, 319 U.S. 41,43; see also Sibron v. New York, 392 U.S. 40, 70 (Fortas, J., concurring).

The Constitutionality of the Oklahoma Criminal Abortion Statutes --21 O.S. 1971 §§ 861 and 862

As stated above, we are satisfied that the intervenors

— Dr. Allison, Dr. Hladky and Reverend Wolf — have standing
and present a justiciable case challenging the constitutionality of 21 O.S. 1971 §§ 861 and 862, reproduced in the margin.

Roe v. Wade, supra, held invalid under the Fourteenth Amendment similar criminal abortion laws of the State of Texas, Articles 1191-1194 and 1196 of the Texas Penal Code. In essence these statutes prohibited administering any drug or medicine, or using any violence or means whatsoever, externally or internally applied, to procure an abortion;

^{1/}

[&]quot;§ 861. Procuring an abortion.—Every person who administers to any woman, or who prescribes for any woman, or advises or procures any woman to take any medicine, drug or substance, or uses or employs any instrument, or other means whatever, with intent thereby to procure the miscarriage of such woman, unless the same is necessary to preserve her life, is punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary not less than two nor more than five years.

[&]quot;§ 862. Submitting to or soliciting attempt to commit abortion.—Every woman who solicits of any person any medicine, drug, or substance whatever, and takes the same, or who submits to any operation, or to the use of any means whatever, with intent thereby to procure a miscarriage, unless the same is necessary to preserve her life, is punishable by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding one year, or by fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by both."

however, the statutes did not apply where an abortion was procured or attempted by medical advice for the purpose of saving the life of the mother. The Supreme Court held that the Texas statutes, as written, unconstitutionally infringed the right of privacy of a pregnant woman and were invalid under the due process clause of the Fourteenth Amendment. The Court stated, 409 U. S. at ____,slip opinion p.49:

- "1. A state criminal abortion statute of the current Texas type, that excepts from criminality only a life saving procedure on behalf of the mother, without regard to pregnancy stage and without recognition of the other interests involved, is violative of the Due Process Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment.
- "(a) For the stage prior to approximately the end of the first trimester, the abortion decision and its effectuation must be left to the medical judgment of the pregnant woman's attending physician.
- "(b) For the stage subsequent to approximately the end of the first trimester, the State, in promoting its interest in the health of the mother, may, if it chooses, regulate the abortion procedure in ways that are reasonably related to maternal health.

We are satisfied that under this decision of the Supreme Court we must declare 21 O.S. 1971 §§ 861 and 862 invalid under the Fourteenth Amendment. They are similar in their broad prohibitions against acts connected with an abortion, with the single exception where the abortion is necessary to preserve the life of the mother. §861 proscribes advising or procuring any woman to take any medicine, drug or substance, or use or employ any instrument or means to procure a miscarriage. Moreover, while we have no pregnant woman as a party to this suit, the interests of such a woman may be asserted by the intervenors for the reasons stated, and

thus the prohibitions of § 862 are likewise subject to challenge. In addition, the challenges by the intervenors must be considered in the light of the Oklahoma statute on aiding and abetting the commission of crimes, 21 O.S. 1971 § 172, which brings into focus a present injury to the intervenors in connection with their demonstrated interests in giving counsel and advice concerning the option of abortion.

Therefore, we conclude that these intervenors are entitled to a judgment declaring that 21 O.S. 1971 §§ 861 and 862 are unconstitutional under the Fourteenth Amendment. Believing that the State officers who are defendants will give full recognition to the decision in this cause, we feel it unnecessary to grant any injunctive relief. See Roe v. Wade, supra at _____, slip opinion p. 51.

We have noted the decision of the Oklahoma Court of Criminal Appeals in Jobe v. State, _____ P.2d ____, 44 O.B.J. 501, decided January 31, 1973, stating that 21 O.S. 1971 §§ 861 and 862 are unconstitutional. The case is pending on rehearing and S. M. Fallis, Jr., District Attorney of District 14, has asked that we await final disposition in the State Court. However, since the intervenors continue to be affected by the statutes generally in their conduct, we feel we should decide this case under the Supreme Court's opinions which are now final.

we have also examined the unreported decision in Brown v. Trimble, No. C-71-662 in the District Court of Cleveland County, Oklahoma. That judgment declared as between the plaintiffs and the defendant District Attorney of that county that 21 O.S. 1971 §§ 714, 861 and 862 are invalid. However the decision does not appear to bind the parties here in any way and it did not treat the construction of § 714 in connection with the questions concerning that statute discussed

^{2/} The Supreme Court denied rehearing on February 26, 1973, in both Roe v. Wade and Doe v. Bolton.

below. Thus we feel we should proceed with the dispositions made in this opinion.

The Oklahoma Statute Prohibiting the Destruction of an Unborn Quick Child — 21 O.S. 1971 § 714

In addition to the Oklahoma criminal abortion laws discussed above, this State has since 1910 had an additional criminal statute prohibiting the destruction of a quick child unless it is necessary to preserve the life of the mother. 21 O.S. 1971 § 714 provides:

"714. Procuring destruction of unborn child: Every person who administers to any woman pregnant with a quick child, or who prescribes for such woman, or advises or procures any such woman to take any medicine, drug or substance whatever, or who uses or employs any instrument or other means with intent thereby to destroy such child, unless the same shall have been necessary to preserve the life of such mother, is guilty in case the death of the child or of the mother is thereby produced, of manslaughter in the first degree."

In view of this law and the Oklahoma statute on aiding and abetting, the activities of the intervenors in counseling are affected so that standing and justiciability are present. However, we view the constitutional claims of the intervenors against § 714 differently from their claims against the statutes we have been constrained to declare invalid above.

§ 714 demonstrates on its face a strong public policy in Oklahoma to protect the life of a quick child. It provides that one is guilty of manslaughter in case of the death of the child or of the mother, and it imposes a heavier penalty than the other criminal abortion statutes. The statute thus touches on an extremely sensitive area of public policy which was discussed in Roe v. Wade. In staking out the area of permissible State legislation regulating abortions, the Supreme Court stated, 409 U.S. at _____, slip opinion p. 49:

"(c) For the stage subsequent to viability the State, in promoting its interest in the potentiality of human life, may, if it chooses, regulate, and even proscribe, abortion except where

it is necessary, in appropriate medical judgment, for the preservation of the life or health of the mother."

By its terms §714 does not conform to the pattern outlined by the Supreme Court for a permissible statute protecting the life of an unborn viable fetus. The Court observed that "[v]iability is usually placed at about seven months (28 weeks) but may occur earlier, even at 24 weeks...;" Reference has been made to an occurrence of viability as early as about 20 weeks. Quickening, on the other hand, is generally regarded as occurring at 16 to 18 weeks. Thus as written the Oklahoma statute presently protects the child during a longer portion of the pregnancy than appears permissible under Roe v. Wade. And its exception for protecting the life of the mother is not phrased so broadly as the exception in the Roe case for preservation of the life or health of the mother.

We must, however, recognize the right of the State courts to construe or limit the statute so as to save its constitutionality. See United States v. Vuitch, 402 U.S. 62, 70-71. When faced with such constitutional difficulties the State courts may consider the solution of contracting the coverage of statutes, such as the portion of pregnancy protected by § 714. See Skinner v. Oklahoma, 316 U.S. 535, 543. Moreover, the courts may consider a saving interpretation of the exception relating to the preservation of the life of the mother -- a term which has been construed to include her health. E.g., Roe v. Wade, supra at ___, slip opinion p.22.

We feel we should not undertake thus to construe or narrow the State statute. Grayned v. City of Rockford, 408 U.S. 104, 110; United States v. 37 Photographs, 402 U.S.

^{3/} See Roe v. Wade, supra at ____, slip opinion, p.45, and medical authority there cited.

^{4/} L. Hellman & J. Pritchard, Williams Obstetrics 493 (14th ed. 1971).

^{5/} See Roe v. Wade, supra at ___, slip opinion, p.17, and the medical authority there cited, Dorland's Illustrated Medical Dictionary 1261 (24 ed. 1965).

363, 369. It is sufficient, we feel, for us to note that § 714 may be capable of the necessary statutory repairs to save its constitutionality, see Welsh v. United States, 398 U.S. 333, 365-366 (Harlan, J., concurring). It is proper to leave the function of construction to the State courts.

Abstention by the Federal courts is most appropriate where, as here, the State law is uncertain and susceptible of a construction that would avoid or modify the federal constitutional issue. Lake Carriers' Assn. v.

MacMullan, 406 U.S.498,510-511; Fornaris v. Ridge Tool Co., et al., 400 U.S. 41. We feel that both the issues of the right of privacy and of vagueness of the statute may be avoided or modified by State Court interpretation of §714. In view of the possibility of a saving construction, the sensitive area of public policy involved, and the fact that the State criminal laws are in question, we conclude we should abstain from interpreting § 714 in connection with the claims for declaratory as well as injunctive relief. See Zwickler v. Koota, 389 U.S. 241, 254.

21 O.S. 1971 §§ 713 and 863

In addition to the Oklahoma statutes previously discussed, the complaints in this suit also alleged that 21 O.S. 1971 §§ 713 and 863 are unconstitutional. These statutes prohibit the willful killing of an unborn quick child by an injury to the mother and concealing the stillbirth or death of a child.

None of the intervenors has demonstrated any interest or proposed course of conduct that would subject them to a risk of prosecution under these statutes. Under the proof made we can perceive no circumstances which would involve a possible violation of the statutes by reason of the intervenors' activities as counselors to distressed pregnant women. Lacking proof as to the probability of any effect on these

intervenors by enforcement of 21 O.S. 1971 §§ 713 or 861, the Court does not have a controversy to adjudicate as to the constitutionality of the statutes. United Public Workers v.Mitchell, 330 U.S. 75,89-90; see also Hawkins v.Town of Shaw, Mississippi, 461 F.2d 1171,1175 (5th Cir.) (Wisdom, J., concurring).

It is therefore ORDERED as follows:

- (1) That all relief is denied to the successors of Dr. Henrie;
- (2) That relief by way of a declaratory judgment is granted pursuant to the prayer of the intervenors, Dr. Allison, Dr. Hladky and Rev. Wolf, against the Attorney General of Oklahoma, The Honorable Larry Derryberry and defendants Gee. Harris and Fallis, adjudging and declaring that as to the intervenors and all others similarly situated and residing in the State of Oklahoma as of trial herein on March 1, 1971, and affected by the Oklahoma criminal abortion statutes, that 21 O.S. 1971 §§ 861 and 862 are unconstitutional under the due process clause of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution, and are void and unenforceable as to them;
- (3) That the claims of the intervenors, Dr. Allison, Dr. Hladky and Rev. Wolf, as to the invalidity of 21 O.S. 1971 § 714, are dismissed without prejudice, the Court concluding that it should abstain from a decision as to the validity of § 714;
- (4) That all other relief sought by any parties is denied.

Upon commencement of the action by Dr. Henrie as an indigent, the Court requested Messrs. Pat Malloy and A. F. Ringold of the Tulsa Bar to represent him. They have done so with skill and devotion to the interests of their client and of the other plaintiffs. The Court is indebted to them and to all counsel for their assistance in diligently and skillfully presenting the case.

William J. Holloway, Jr.
United States Circuit Judge

Allen E. Barrow, Chief Judge Northern District of Oklahoma

Luther B. Eubanks

United States District Judge Western District of Oklahoma